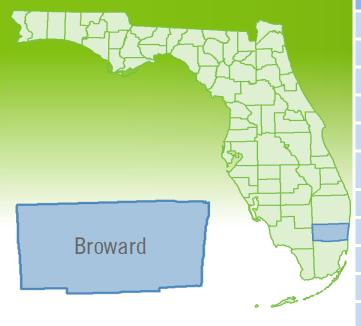
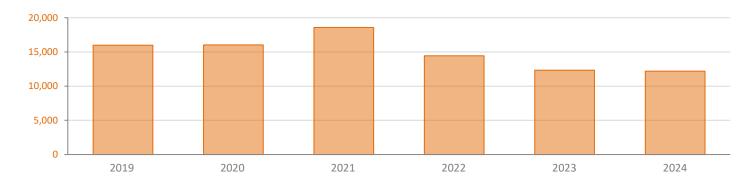
Closed Sales





Summary Statistics	2024	2023	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	12,180	12,337	-1.3%
Paid in Cash	3,003	3,104	-3.3%
Median Sale Price	\$616,000	\$580,000	6.2%
Average Sale Price	\$823,341	\$783,816	5.0%
Dollar Volume	\$10.0 Billion	\$9.7 Billion	3.7%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	96.0%	96.9%	-0.9%
Median Time to Contract	38 Days	28 Days	35.7%
Median Time to Sale	77 Days	68 Days	13.2%
New Pending Sales	13,367	13,733	-2.7%
New Listings	New Listings 18,657		12.0%
Pending Inventory	972	1,101	-11.7%
Inventory (Active Listings)	4,719	3,543	33.2%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.6	3.4	35.3%

Closed Sales	Year	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of sales transactions which closed during	2024	12,180	-1.3%
the year	2023	12,337	-14.6%
	2022	14,438	-22.2%
Economists' note : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we	2021	18,565	15.8%
	2020	16,035	0.4%
recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.	2019	15,979	2.2%



this statistic should be interpreted with care.



-9.5%

Percent Change

Year-over-Year

-2.0%

-7.0%

19.4%

40.1%

-11.5%

-11.2%

Cash Sales	Year	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of Closed Sales during the year in which	2024	3,003	-3.3%
buyers exclusively paid in cash	2023	3,104	-20.7%
	2022	3,912	-7.1%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other	2021	4,213	62.5%
	2020	2,593	-11.1%
form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so	2010	2 017	0.5%

2019

Year

2024

2023

2022

2021

2020

2019

2,917

Percent of Closed

Sales Paid in Cash

24.7%

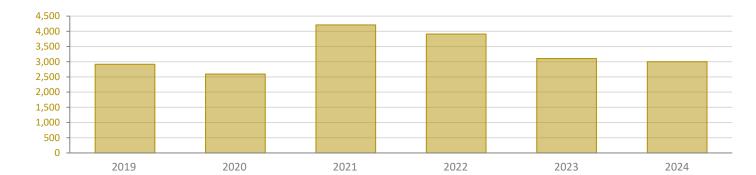
25.2%

27.1%

22.7%

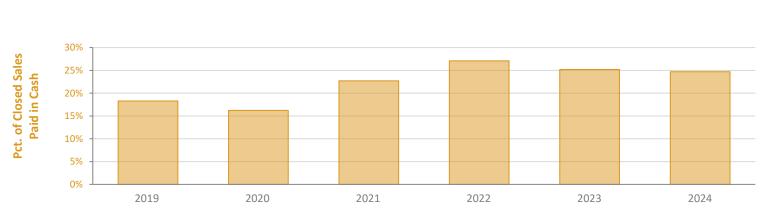
16.2%

18.3%



Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which were Cash Sales

Economists' note : This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each year involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.



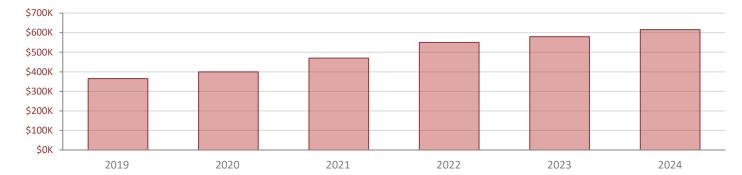


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each year, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	\$616,000	6.2%
2023	\$580,000	5.5%
2022	\$550,000	17.0%
2021	\$470,000	17.5%
2020	\$400,000	9.6%
2019	\$365,000	3.3%

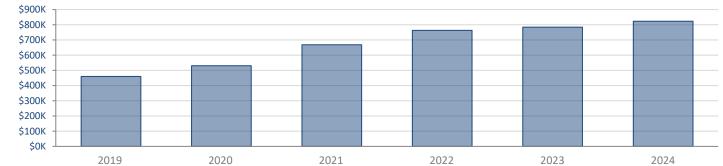


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note : Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	\$823,341	5.0%
2023	\$783,816	2.6%
2022	\$763,768	14.2%
2021	\$668,533	26.1%
2020	\$530,166	15.2%
2019	\$460,157	3.2%



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Average Sale Price

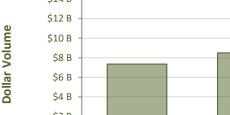


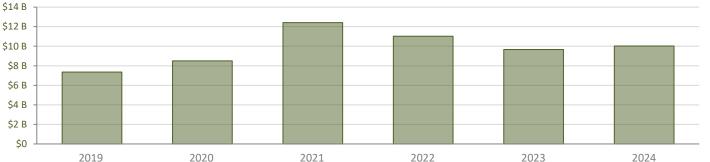
Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the year

Economists' note : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Year	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	\$10.0 Billion	3.7%
2023	\$9.7 Billion	-12.3%
2022	\$11.0 Billion	-11.2%
2021	\$12.4 Billion	46.0%
2020	\$8.5 Billion	15.6%
2019	\$7.4 Billion	5.5%



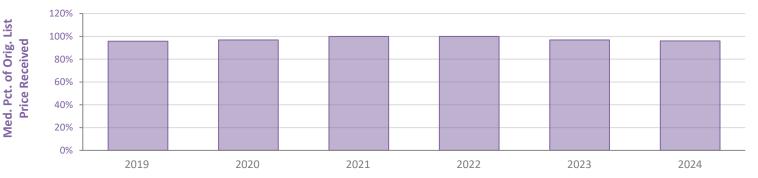


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the year

Economists' note : The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a lagging indicator.

Year	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	96.0%	-0.9%
2023	96.9%	-3.1%
2022	100.0%	0.0%
2021	100.0%	3.2%
2020	96.9%	1.1%
2019	95.8%	-0.2%



Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Year	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	38 Days	35.7%
2023	28 Days	64.7%
2022	17 Days	13.3%
2021	15 Days	-53.1%
2020	32 Days	-33.3%
2019	48 Days	23.1%

Median Time to Contract 30 20 10 0 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023

Median Time to Sale

60

50

40

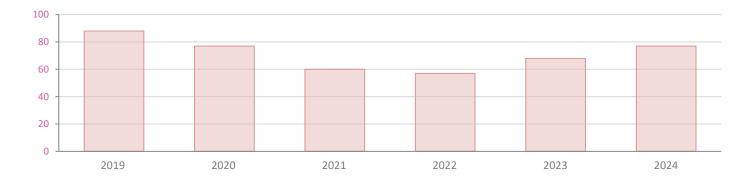
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note : Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Year	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	77 Days	13.2%
2023	68 Days	19.3%
2022	57 Days	-5.0%
2021	60 Days	-22.1%
2020	77 Days	-12.5%
2019	88 Days	7.3%

2024





New Pending Sales	Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of listed properties that went under	2024	13,367	-2.7%
contract during the year	2023	13,733	-11.4%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in	2022	15,496	-25.8%
	2021	20,896	6.7%
mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully.	2020	19,590	4.8%

So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

2019 18,686 3.0%

Year

2024

2023

2022

2021

2020

2019

New Listings

18,657

16.661

19,734

21,396

20,432

21,955

Year-over-Year

12.0%

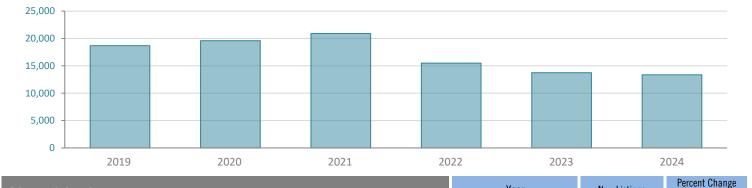
-15.6%

-7.8%

4.7%

-6.9%

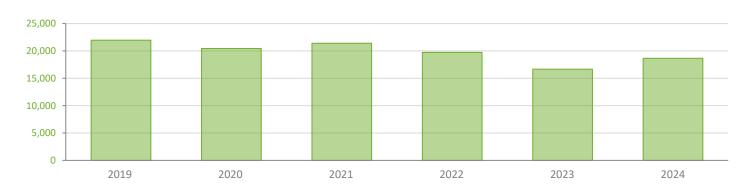
-5.3%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.



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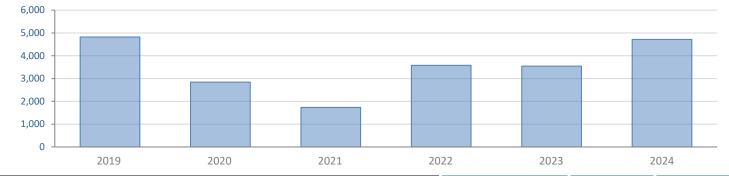
New Listings



Inventory (Active Listings)	Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
The number of property listings active at the end of	2024	4,719	33.2%
the year	2023	3,543	-1.1%
<i>Economists' note</i> : There are a number of ways to define and calculate	2022	3,582	106.9%
Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-	2021	1,731	-39.1%
	2020	2,842	-41.1%

market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

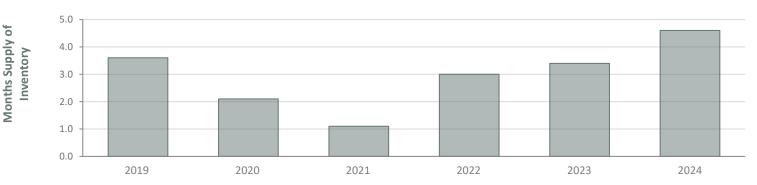
rear	inventory	Year-over-Year
2024	4,719	33.2%
2023	3,543	-1.1%
2022	3,582	106.9%
2021	1,731	-39.1%
2020	2,842	-41.1%
2019	4,824	-16.3%



Months Supply of Inventory (Year-End) An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Year	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2024	4.6	35.3%
2023	3.4	13.3%
2022	3.0	172.7%
2021	1.1	-47.6%
2020	2.1	-41.7%
2019	3.6	-18.2%





Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

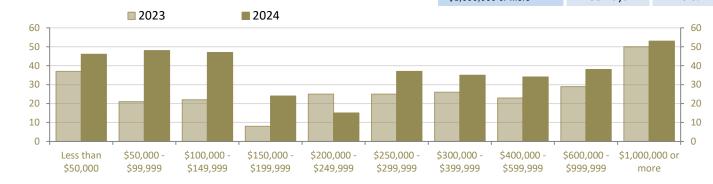
Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	16	-15.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	4	33.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	6	0.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	15	-34.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	61	-46.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	181	-40.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	1,225	-20.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	4,201	-4.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	4,330	7.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	2,141	13.0%



Median Time to Contract by Sale Price The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	46 Days	24.3%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	48 Days	128.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	47 Days	113.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	24 Days	200.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	15 Days	-40.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	37 Days	48.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	35 Days	34.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	34 Days	47.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	38 Days	31.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	53 Days	6.0%



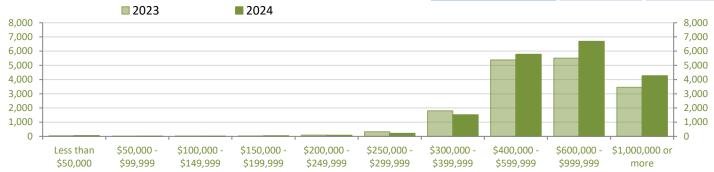


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

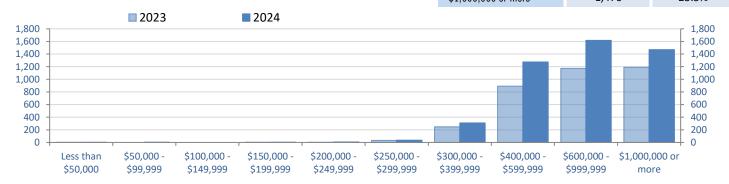
Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	59	40.5%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	6	50.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	14	-12.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	38	2.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	77	-17.2%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	217	-33.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	1,523	-15.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	5,772	7.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	6,689	21.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	4,262	23.4%



Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note : There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	0	N/A
\$150,000 - \$199,999	2	100.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	7	133.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	36	12.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	309	24.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	1,275	42.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,616	37.8%
\$1.000.000 or more	1,470	23.5%



New Listings

Yearly Distressed Market - 2024 Single-Family Homes Broward County





Traditional Foreclosure/REO Short Sale

