

Percent Change



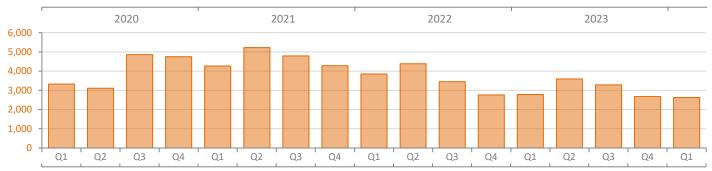
Summary Statistics	Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	2,622	2,781	-5.7%
Paid in Cash	737	706	4.4%
Median Sale Price	\$605,000	\$555,000	9.0%
Average Sale Price	\$844,493	\$754,454	11.9%
Dollar Volume	\$2.2 Billion	\$2.1 Billion	5.5%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	96.0%	95.4%	0.6%
Median Time to Contract	40 Days	42 Days	-4.8%
Median Time to Sale	77 Days	79 Days	-2.5%
New Pending Sales	3,581	3,801	-5.8%
New Listings	4,844	3,996	21.2%
Pending Inventory	1,783	1,898	-6.1%
Inventory (Active Listings)	4,007	2,988	34.1%
Months Supply of Inventory	3.9	2.7	44.4%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.

Closed Sales	Year-over-Year
2,622	-5.7%
2,622	-5.7%
2,680	-2.8%
3,286	-4.7%
3,590	-18.0%
2,781	-27.8%
2,758	-35.6%
3,448	-28.1%
4,380	-16.1%
3,852	-9.7%
4,285	-9.8%
4,794	-1.2%
5,219	67.7%
4,267	28.4%
	2,622 2,680 3,286 3,590 2,781 2,758 3,448 4,380 3,852 4,285 4,794 5,219



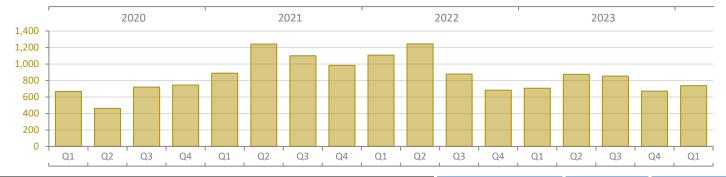


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the quarter in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Quarter	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	737	4.4%
Q1 2024	737	4.4%
Q4 2023	671	-1.6%
Q3 2023	853	-2.8%
Q2 2023	874	-29.7%
Q1 2023	706	-36.3%
Q4 2022	682	-30.6%
Q3 2022	878	-20.2%
Q2 2022	1,244	0.2%
Q1 2022	1,108	24.8%
Q4 2021	983	31.9%
Q3 2021	1,100	53.0%
Q2 2021	1,242	168.8%
Q1 2021	888	33.1%



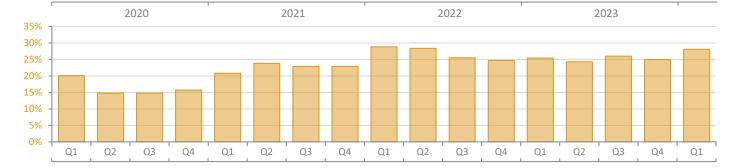
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the quarter which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each quarter involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

	Quarter	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
l	Year-to-Date	28.1%	10.6%
l	Q1 2024	28.1%	10.6%
l	Q4 2023	25.0%	1.2%
	Q3 2023	26.0%	2.0%
	Q2 2023	24.3%	-14.4%
	Q1 2023	25.4%	-11.8%
	Q4 2022	24.7%	7.9%
	Q3 2022	25.5%	11.4%
	Q2 2022	28.4%	19.3%
	Q1 2022	28.8%	38.5%
	Q4 2021	22.9%	45.9%
	Q3 2021	22.9%	54.7%
	Q2 2021	23.8%	60.8%
	Q1 2021	20.8%	3.5%





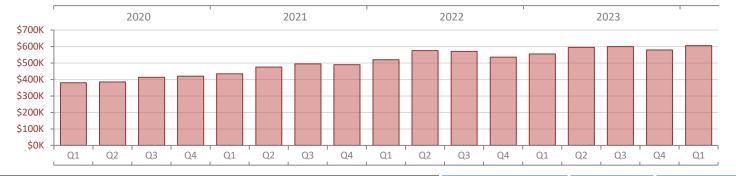


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each quarter, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Quarter	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$605,000	9.0%
Q1 2024	\$605,000	9.0%
Q4 2023	\$579,450	8.2%
Q3 2023	\$600,000	5.3%
Q2 2023	\$595,000	3.4%
Q1 2023	\$555,000	6.7%
Q4 2022	\$535,500	9.3%
Q3 2022	\$570,000	15.2%
Q2 2022	\$575,500	21.2%
Q1 2022	\$520,000	19.5%
Q4 2021	\$490,000	16.7%
Q3 2021	\$495,000	19.7%
Q2 2021	\$475,000	23.4%
Q1 2021	\$435,000	14.5%

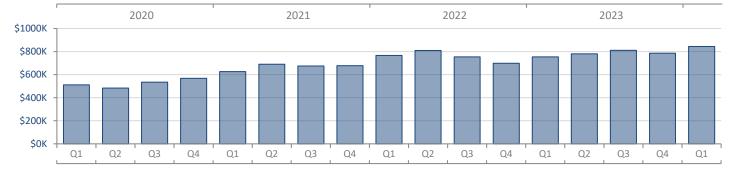


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Average Sale Price	Year-over-Year
\$844,493	11.9%
\$844,493	11.9%
\$785,356	12.5%
\$810,609	7.4%
\$780,890	-3.5%
\$754,454	-1.6%
\$698,401	3.1%
\$754,503	11.9%
\$809,543	17.2%
\$766,814	22.5%
\$677,511	19.2%
\$674,218	25.9%
\$690,694	42.9%
\$626,025	22.3%
	\$844,493 \$844,493 \$785,356 \$810,609 \$780,890 \$754,454 \$698,401 \$754,503 \$809,543 \$766,814 \$677,511 \$674,218 \$690,694



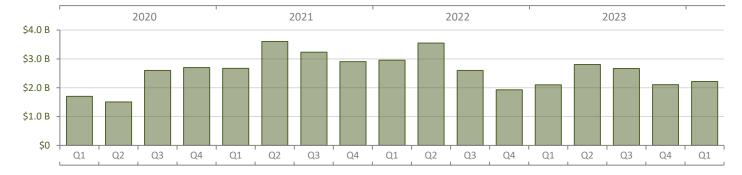


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
\$2.2 Billion	5.5%
\$2.2 Billion	5.5%
\$2.1 Billion	9.3%
\$2.7 Billion	2.4%
\$2.8 Billion	-20.9%
\$2.1 Billion	-29.0%
\$1.9 Billion	-33.7%
\$2.6 Billion	-19.5%
\$3.5 Billion	-1.6%
\$3.0 Billion	10.6%
\$2.9 Billion	7.6%
\$3.2 Billion	24.4%
\$3.6 Billion	139.6%
\$2.7 Billion	57.1%
	\$2.2 Billion \$2.2 Billion \$2.1 Billion \$2.7 Billion \$2.8 Billion \$2.8 Billion \$2.1 Billion \$1.9 Billion \$3.6 Billion \$3.0 Billion \$3.2 Billion \$3.6 Billion



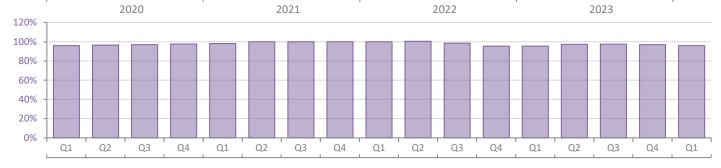
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the quarter

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Quarter	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	96.0%	0.6%
Q1 2024	96.0%	0.6%
Q4 2023	96.9%	1.5%
Q3 2023	97.4%	-1.1%
Q2 2023	97.3%	-3.2%
Q1 2023	95.4%	-4.6%
Q4 2022	95.5%	-4.5%
Q3 2022	98.5%	-1.5%
Q2 2022	100.5%	0.5%
Q1 2022	100.0%	1.8%
Q4 2021	100.0%	2.4%
Q3 2021	100.0%	3.1%
Q2 2021	100.0%	3.6%
Q1 2021	98.2%	2.3%







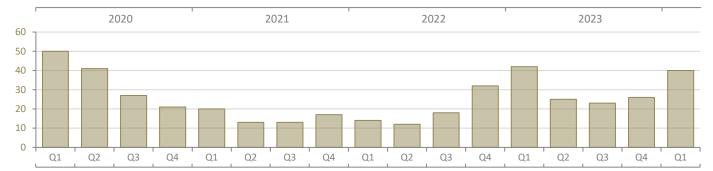
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Quarter	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	40 Days	-4.8%
Q1 2024	40 Days	-4.8%
Q4 2023	26 Days	-18.8%
Q3 2023	23 Days	27.8%
Q2 2023	25 Days	108.3%
Q1 2023	42 Days	200.0%
Q4 2022	32 Days	88.2%
Q3 2022	18 Days	38.5%
Q2 2022	12 Days	-7.7%
Q1 2022	14 Days	-30.0%
Q4 2021	17 Days	-19.0%
Q3 2021	13 Days	-51.9%
Q2 2021	13 Days	-68.3%
Q1 2021	20 Days	-60.0%





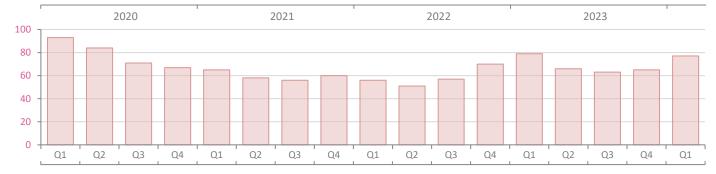
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Quarter	Median Time to Sale	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	77 Days	-2.5%
Q1 2024	77 Days	-2.5%
Q4 2023	65 Days	-7.1%
Q3 2023	63 Days	10.5%
Q2 2023	66 Days	29.4%
Q1 2023	79 Days	41.1%
Q4 2022	70 Days	16.7%
Q3 2022	57 Days	1.8%
Q2 2022	51 Days	-12.1%
Q1 2022	56 Days	-13.8%
Q4 2021	60 Days	-10.4%
Q3 2021	56 Days	-21.1%
Q2 2021	58 Days	-31.0%
Q1 2021	65 Days	-30.1%





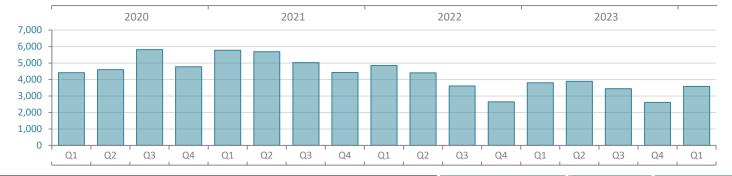


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the quarter

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Quarter	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,581	-5.8%
Q1 2024	3,581	-5.8%
Q4 2023	2,603	-1.5%
Q3 2023	3,444	-4.5%
Q2 2023	3,885	-11.7%
Q1 2023	3,801	-21.6%
Q4 2022	2,642	-40.3%
Q3 2022	3,607	-28.2%
Q2 2022	4,401	-22.6%
Q1 2022	4,846	-16.0%
Q4 2021	4,423	-7.4%
Q3 2021	5,022	-13.5%
Q2 2021	5,683	23.7%
Q1 2021	5,768	30.8%

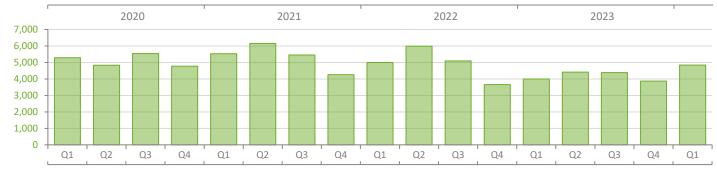


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

New Listings	Year-over-Year
4,844	21.2%
4,844	21.2%
3,868	5.7%
4,384	-13.9%
4,413	-26.3%
3,996	-20.0%
3,660	-14.0%
5,093	-6.7%
5,988	-2.7%
4,993	-9.7%
4,256	-10.8%
5,456	-1.6%
6,156	27.4%
5,528	4.6%
	4,844 4,844 3,868 4,384 4,413 3,996 3,660 5,093 5,988 4,993 4,256 5,456 6,156



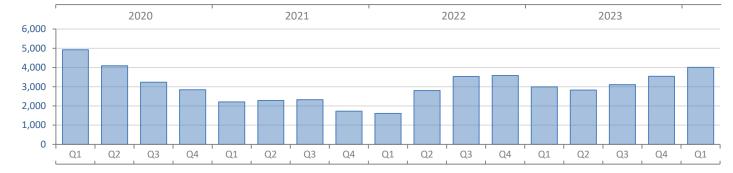


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
3,915	22.1%	
4,007	34.1%	
3,543	-1.1%	
3,107	-12.0%	
2,826	1.0%	
2,988	85.8%	
3,582	106.9%	
3,531	52.0%	
2,798	22.5%	
1,608	-27.2%	
1,731	-39.1%	
2,323	-28.2%	
2,284	-44.1%	
2,209	-55.1%	
	3,915 4,007 3,543 3,107 2,826 2,988 3,582 3,531 2,798 1,608 1,731 2,323 2,284	



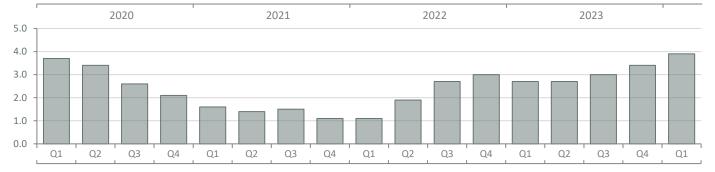
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Quarter	Months Supply	Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	3.8	35.7%
Q1 2024	3.9	44.4%
Q4 2023	3.4	13.3%
Q3 2023	3.0	11.1%
Q2 2023	2.7	42.1%
Q1 2023	2.7	145.5%
Q4 2022	3.0	172.7%
Q3 2022	2.7	80.0%
Q2 2022	1.9	35.7%
Q1 2022	1.1	-31.3%
Q4 2021	1.1	-47.6%
Q3 2021	1.5	-42.3%
Q2 2021	1.4	-58.8%
Q1 2021	1.6	-56.8%





Median Time to Contract

Quarterly Market Detail - Q1 2024 Single-Family Homes Broward County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	-33.3%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	-100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	2	N/A
\$150,000 - \$199,999	3	-50.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	15	-61.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	46	-55.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	298	-30.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	907	-8.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	879	6.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	470	21.8%

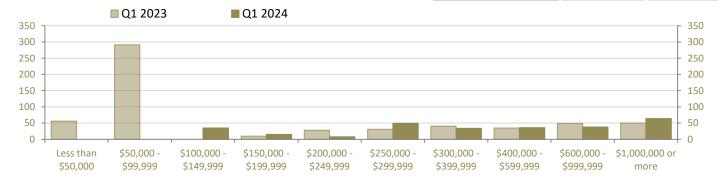


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	0 Days	-100.0%	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	(No Sales)	N/A	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	35 Days	N/A	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	15 Days	50.0%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	8 Days	-71.4%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	49 Days	58.1%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	34 Days	-17.1%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	36 Days	2.9%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	38 Days	-22.4%	
\$1,000,000 or more	64 Days	28.0%	



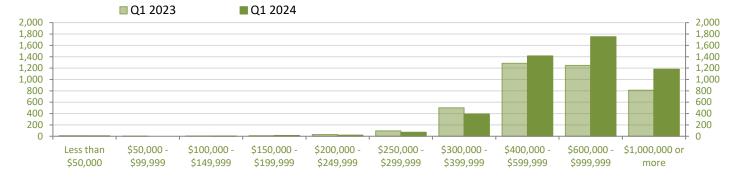


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	7	-30.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	-100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	2	-50.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	13	18.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	18	-41.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	69	-28.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	392	-21.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	1,414	10.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,750	40.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	1,179	45.4%

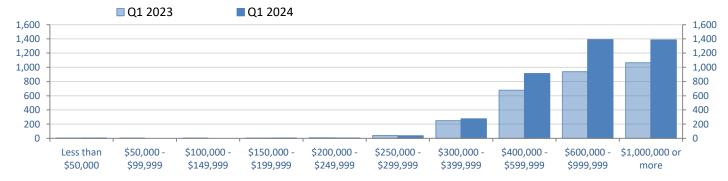


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	-25.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	-100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	0	-100.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	3	0.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	4	-50.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	35	-12.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	274	10.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	913	34.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,390	48.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	1,385	29.9%



Quarterly Distressed Market - Q1 2024 Single-Family Homes Broward County





		Q1 2024	Q1 2023	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	2,596	2,746	-5.5%
	Median Sale Price	\$607,000	\$555,000	9.4%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	21	26	-19.2%
	Median Sale Price	\$550,000	\$523,627	5.0%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	5	9	-44.4%
	Median Sale Price	\$380,000	\$590,000	-35.6%

