Quarterly Market Detail - Q4 2023 Single-Family Homes Palm Beach County



Percent Change



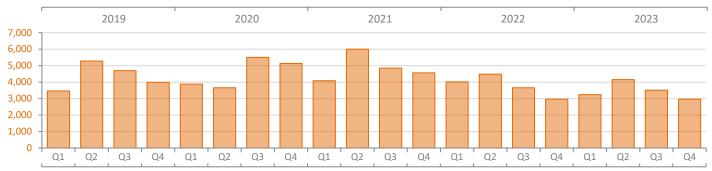
Summary Statistics	Q4 2023	Q4 2022	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	2,969	2,968	0.0%
Paid in Cash	1,392	1,297	7.3%
Median Sale Price	\$604,000	\$560,000	7.9%
Average Sale Price	\$921,048	\$884,815	4.1%
Dollar Volume	\$2.7 Billion	\$2.6 Billion	4.1%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.7%	94.4%	1.4%
Median Time to Contract	26 Days	33 Days	-21.2%
Median Time to Sale	67 Days	76 Days	-11.8%
New Pending Sales	2,845	2,850	-0.2%
New Listings	4,537	4,013	13.1%
Pending Inventory	1,307	1,371	-4.7%
Inventory (Active Listings)	4,575	4,042	13.2%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.0	3.2	25.0%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.

Closed Sales	Year-over-Year
13,868	-8.3%
2,969	0.0%
3,515	-3.8%
4,150	-7.4%
3,234	-19.5%
2,968	-35.0%
3,652	-24.7%
4,483	-25.2%
4,015	-1.8%
4,563	-11.1%
4,848	-11.8%
5,996	63.8%
4,088	5.3%
5,135	28.9%
	13,868 2,969 3,515 4,150 3,234 2,968 3,652 4,483 4,015 4,563 4,848 5,996 4,088



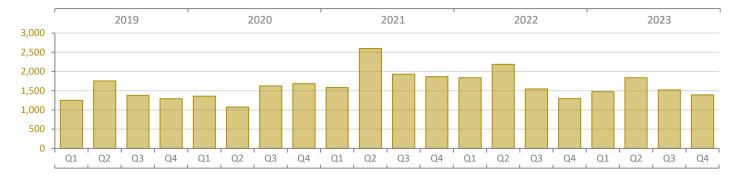


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the quarter in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Quarter	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	6,229	-9.3%
Q4 2023	1,392	7.3%
Q3 2023	1,522	-1.6%
Q2 2023	1,838	-15.9%
Q1 2023	1,477	-19.6%
Q4 2022	1,297	-30.5%
Q3 2022	1,547	-19.8%
Q2 2022	2,185	-15.9%
Q1 2022	1,836	15.8%
Q4 2021	1,865	10.9%
Q3 2021	1,929	18.6%
Q2 2021	2,599	141.8%
Q1 2021	1,585	16.8%
Q4 2020	1,682	30.1%



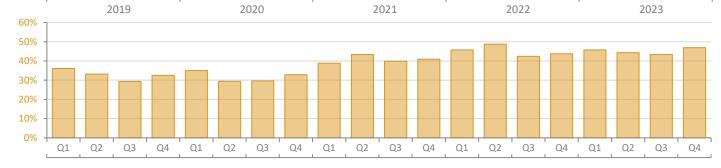
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the quarter which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each quarter involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Quarter	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	44.9%	-1.1%
Q4 2023	46.9%	7.3%
Q3 2023	43.3%	2.1%
Q2 2023	44.3%	-9.0%
Q1 2023	45.7%	0.0%
Q4 2022	43.7%	6.8%
Q3 2022	42.4%	6.5%
Q2 2022	48.7%	12.5%
Q1 2022	45.7%	17.8%
Q4 2021	40.9%	24.7%
Q3 2021	39.8%	34.5%
Q2 2021	43.3%	47.3%
Q1 2021	38.8%	10.9%
Q4 2020	32.8%	0.9%





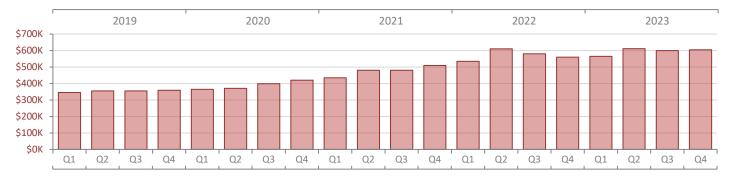


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each quarter, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Quarter	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$597,000	4.6%
Q4 2023	\$604,000	7.9%
Q3 2023	\$600,000	3.4%
Q2 2023	\$611,500	0.2%
Q1 2023	\$565,000	5.6%
Q4 2022	\$560,000	10.0%
Q3 2022	\$580,000	20.8%
Q2 2022	\$610,500	27.2%
Q1 2022	\$535,000	23.0%
Q4 2021	\$509,000	21.2%
Q3 2021	\$480,000	20.3%
Q2 2021	\$479,900	29.7%
Q1 2021	\$435,000	19.2%
Q4 2020	\$420,000	17.0%

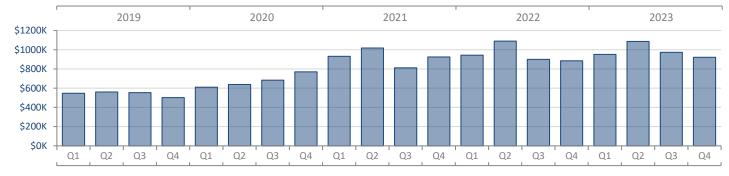


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Quarter	Average Sale Price	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$990,466	2.7%
Q4 2023	\$921,048	4.1%
Q3 2023	\$973,074	8.1%
Q2 2023	\$1,085,557	-0.3%
Q1 2023	\$951,075	0.9%
Q4 2022	\$884,815	-4.3%
Q3 2022	\$899,933	11.0%
Q2 2022	\$1,088,698	7.0%
Q1 2022	\$942,252	1.2%
Q4 2021	\$924,586	20.0%
Q3 2021	\$810,793	18.7%
Q2 2021	\$1,017,857	59.5%
Q1 2021	\$930,918	52.6%
Q4 2020	\$770,449	53.7%



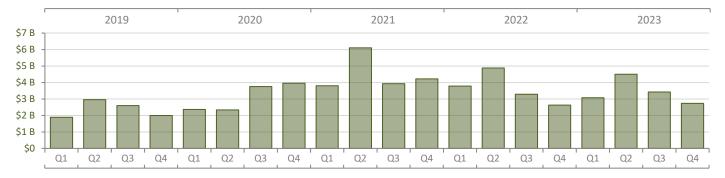


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Quarter	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$13.7 Billion	-5.8%
Q4 2023	\$2.7 Billion	4.1%
Q3 2023	\$3.4 Billion	4.1%
Q2 2023	\$4.5 Billion	-7.7%
Q1 2023	\$3.1 Billion	-18.7%
Q4 2022	\$2.6 Billion	-37.8%
Q3 2022	\$3.3 Billion	-16.4%
Q2 2022	\$4.9 Billion	-20.0%
Q1 2022	\$3.8 Billion	-0.6%
Q4 2021	\$4.2 Billion	6.6%
Q3 2021	\$3.9 Billion	4.7%
Q2 2021	\$6.1 Billion	161.2%
Q1 2021	\$3.8 Billion	60.8%
Q4 2020	\$4.0 Billion	98.2%



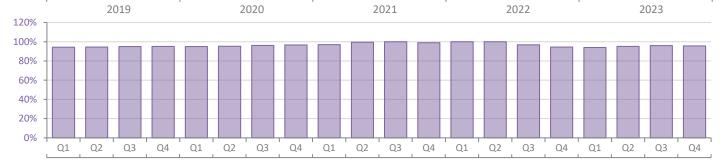
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the quarter

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Quarter	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	95.3%	-3.2%
Q4 2023	95.7%	1.4%
Q3 2023	96.0%	-0.8%
Q2 2023	95.1%	-4.9%
Q1 2023	94.0%	-6.0%
Q4 2022	94.4%	-4.6%
Q3 2022	96.8%	-3.2%
Q2 2022	100.0%	0.6%
Q1 2022	100.0%	3.1%
Q4 2021	99.0%	2.4%
Q3 2021	100.0%	4.0%
Q2 2021	99.4%	4.3%
Q1 2021	97.0%	2.1%
Q4 2020	96.7%	1.6%





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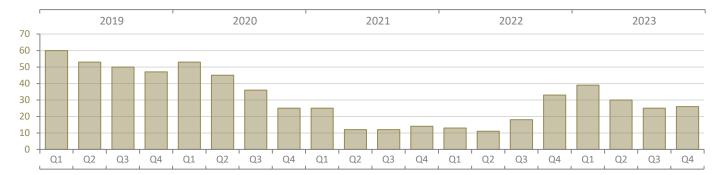
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Quarter	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	31 Days	93.8%
Q4 2023	26 Days	-21.2%
Q3 2023	25 Days	38.9%
Q2 2023	30 Days	172.7%
Q1 2023	39 Days	200.0%
Q4 2022	33 Days	135.7%
Q3 2022	18 Days	50.0%
Q2 2022	11 Days	-8.3%
Q1 2022	13 Days	-48.0%
Q4 2021	14 Days	-44.0%
Q3 2021	12 Days	-66.7%
Q2 2021	12 Days	-73.3%
Q1 2021	25 Days	-52.8%
Q4 2020	25 Days	-46.8%





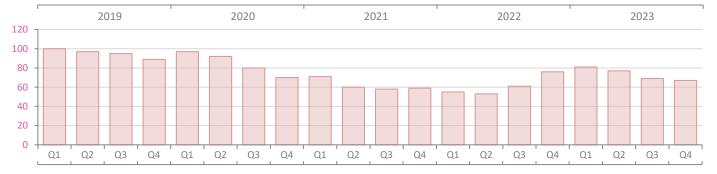
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Quarter	Median Time to Sale	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	75 Days	25.0%
Q4 2023	67 Days	-11.8%
Q3 2023	69 Days	13.1%
Q2 2023	77 Days	45.3%
Q1 2023	81 Days	47.3%
Q4 2022	76 Days	28.8%
Q3 2022	61 Days	5.2%
Q2 2022	53 Days	-11.7%
Q1 2022	55 Days	-22.5%
Q4 2021	59 Days	-15.7%
Q3 2021	58 Days	-27.5%
Q2 2021	60 Days	-34.8%
Q1 2021	71 Days	-26.8%
Q4 2020	70 Days	-21.3%





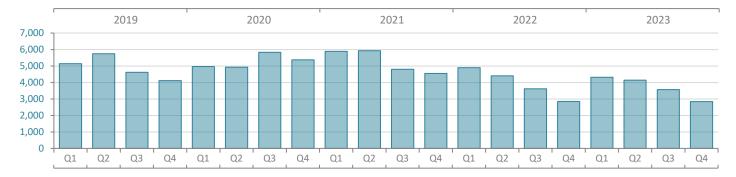


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the quarter

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Quarter	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	14,879	-5.7%
Q4 2023	2,845	-0.2%
Q3 2023	3,573	-1.2%
Q2 2023	4,146	-5.9%
Q1 2023	4,315	-12.0%
Q4 2022	2,850	-37.3%
Q3 2022	3,616	-24.8%
Q2 2022	4,408	-25.6%
Q1 2022	4,902	-16.8%
Q4 2021	4,549	-15.4%
Q3 2021	4,806	-17.6%
Q2 2021	5,926	20.2%
Q1 2021	5,894	18.7%
Q4 2020	5,376	30.8%

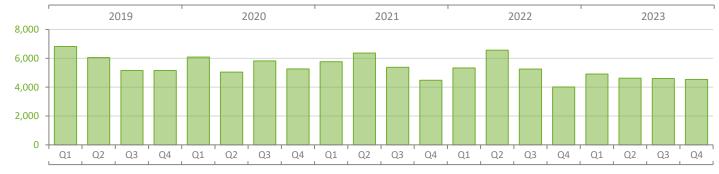


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Quarter	New Listings	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	18,669	-11.7%
Q4 2023	4,537	13.1%
Q3 2023	4,596	-12.5%
Q2 2023	4,627	-29.5%
Q1 2023	4,909	-7.9%
Q4 2022	4,013	-10.3%
Q3 2022	5,251	-2.3%
Q2 2022	6,560	3.1%
Q1 2022	5,329	-7.5%
Q4 2021	4,476	-15.0%
Q3 2021	5,372	-7.7%
Q2 2021	6,360	26.2%
Q1 2021	5,760	-5.3%
Q4 2020	5,265	2.0%



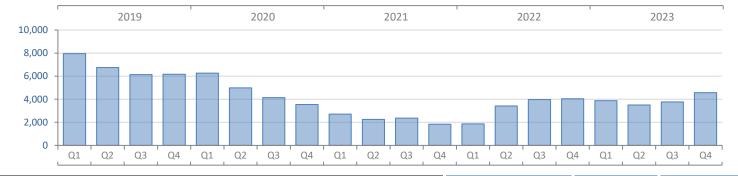


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Quarter	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	3,895	23.2%
Q4 2023	4,575	13.2%
Q3 2023	3,765	-5.3%
Q2 2023	3,497	2.2%
Q1 2023	3,876	107.4%
Q4 2022	4,042	120.6%
Q3 2022	3,977	67.8%
Q2 2022	3,421	51.4%
Q1 2022	1,869	-31.2%
Q4 2021	1,832	-48.4%
Q3 2021	2,370	-42.8%
Q2 2021	2,260	-54.7%
Q1 2021	2,718	-56.6%
Q4 2020	3,551	-42.4%



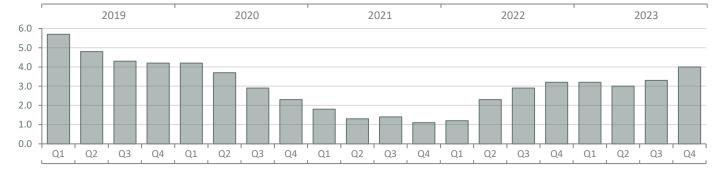
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Quarter	Months Supply	Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	3.3	50.0%
Q4 2023	4.0	25.0%
Q3 2023	3.3	13.8%
Q2 2023	3.0	30.4%
Q1 2023	3.2	166.7%
Q4 2022	3.2	190.9%
Q3 2022	2.9	107.1%
Q2 2022	2.3	76.9%
Q1 2022	1.2	-33.3%
Q4 2021	1.1	-52.2%
Q3 2021	1.4	-51.7%
Q2 2021	1.3	-64.9%
Q1 2021	1.8	-57.1%
Q4 2020	2.3	-45.2%



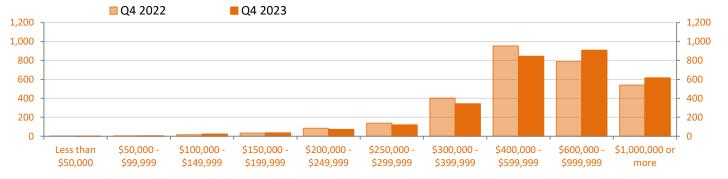


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-66.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	5	25.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	24	41.2%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	35	2.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	72	-15.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	120	-13.7%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	343	-14.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	845	-11.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	908	15.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	616	14.1%

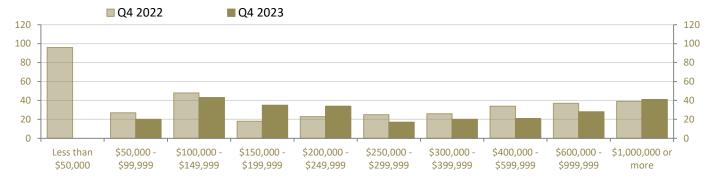


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0 Days	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	20 Days	-25.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	43 Days	-10.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	35 Days	94.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	34 Days	47.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	17 Days	-32.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	20 Days	-23.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	21 Days	-38.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	28 Days	-24.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	41 Days	5.1%



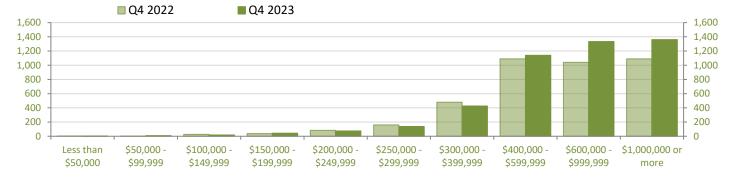


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-75.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	8	300.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	17	-34.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	42	10.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	73	-11.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	136	-15.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	425	-11.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	1,140	4.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,334	28.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	1,361	24.7%

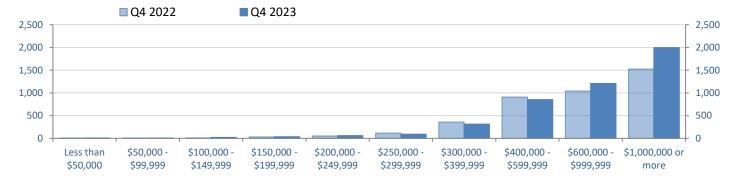


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	5	-16.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	19	72.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	35	9.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	58	13.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	92	-19.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	313	-12.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	851	-6.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,207	15.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	1,994	31.0%



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