## Monthly Market Detail - April 2022 Single-Family Homes Miami-Dade County





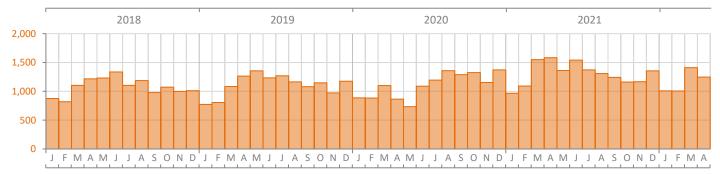
Summary Statistics	April 2022	April 2021	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	1,246	1,584	-21.3%
Paid in Cash	355	391	-9.2%
Median Sale Price	\$565,000	\$515,000	9.7%
Average Sale Price	\$1,011,245	\$1,112,985	-9.1%
Dollar Volume	\$1.3 Billion	\$1.8 Billion	-28.5%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	100.0%	97.9%	2.1%
Median Time to Contract	14 Days	20 Days	-30.0%
Median Time to Sale	59 Days	70 Days	-15.7%
New Pending Sales	1,320	1,639	-19.5%
New Listings	1,647	1,773	-7.1%
Pending Inventory	2,338	3,145	-25.7%
Inventory (Active Listings)	2,366	2,744	-13.8%
Months Supply of Inventory	1.9	2.2	-13.6%

## **Closed Sales**

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

*Economists' note*: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	4,672	-10.1%
April 2022	1,246	-21.3%
March 2022	1,411	-9.0%
February 2022	1,007	-7.9%
January 2022	1,008	4.1%
December 2021	1,356	-1.2%
November 2021	1,168	1.2%
October 2021	1,161	-12.4%
September 2021	1,241	-3.6%
August 2021	1,309	-3.5%
July 2021	1,373	15.0%
June 2021	1,542	41.6%
May 2021	1,360	85.3%
April 2021	1,584	83.1%

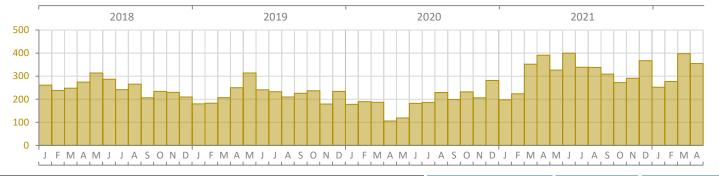


## Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

**Economists' note**: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,282	10.1%
April 2022	355	-9.2%
March 2022	398	13.1%
February 2022	277	23.7%
January 2022	252	27.9%
December 2021	367	30.6%
November 2021	291	41.3%
October 2021	272	17.2%
September 2021	309	55.3%
August 2021	338	47.6%
July 2021	339	82.3%
June 2021	400	119.8%
May 2021	326	173.9%
April 2021	391	268.9%



## Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

*Economists' note*: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	27.4%	22.3%
April 2022	28.5%	15.4%
March 2022	28.2%	24.2%
February 2022	27.5%	34.1%
January 2022	25.0%	22.5%
December 2021	27.1%	32.2%
November 2021	24.9%	39.1%
October 2021	23.4%	33.7%
September 2021	24.9%	60.6%
August 2021	25.8%	52.7%
July 2021	24.7%	58.3%
June 2021	25.9%	55.1%
May 2021	24.0%	48.1%
April 2021	24.7%	100.8%





## Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

**Economists' note**: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$540,000	12.5%
April 2022	\$565,000	9.7%
March 2022	\$540,000	9.9%
February 2022	\$536,000	19.1%
January 2022	\$520,000	10.8%
December 2021	\$525,000	15.4%
November 2021	\$502,750	11.7%
October 2021	\$490,000	12.6%
September 2021	\$485,000	11.5%
August 2021	\$500,500	20.3%
July 2021	\$515,000	25.6%
June 2021	\$500,000	28.7%
May 2021	\$500,000	33.1%
April 2021	\$515,000	34.8%



## Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note*: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.





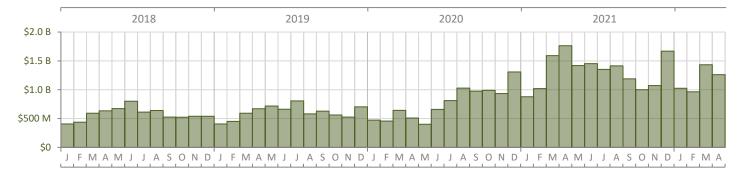


#### Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

*Economists' note*: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

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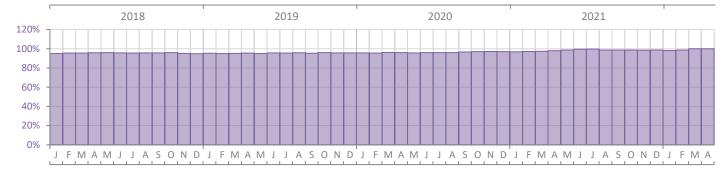
## Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

*Economists' note*: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	99.4%	2.2%
April 2022	100.0%	2.1%
March 2022	100.0%	2.8%
February 2022	98.7%	1.5%
January 2022	98.1%	1.3%
December 2021	98.7%	1.8%
November 2021	98.4%	1.3%
October 2021	98.7%	1.8%
September 2021	98.6%	2.0%
August 2021	98.7%	2.8%
July 2021	99.6%	3.9%
June 2021	99.4%	3.6%
May 2021	98.7%	3.2%
April 2021	97.9%	2.0%







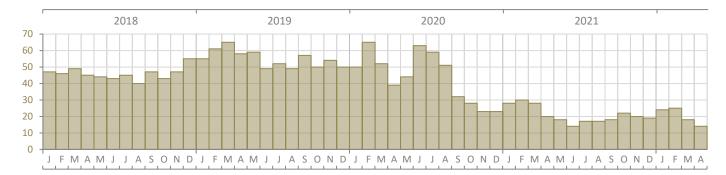
## Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

*Economists' note*: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	21 Days	-22.2%
April 2022	14 Days	-30.0%
March 2022	18 Days	-35.7%
February 2022	25 Days	-16.7%
January 2022	24 Days	-14.3%
December 2021	19 Days	-17.4%
November 2021	20 Days	-13.0%
October 2021	22 Days	-21.4%
September 2021	18 Days	-43.8%
August 2021	17 Days	-66.7%
July 2021	17 Days	-71.2%
June 2021	14 Days	-77.8%
May 2021	18 Days	-59.1%
April 2021	20 Days	-48.7%





#### Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

**Economists' note**: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	68 Days	-11.7%
April 2022	59 Days	-15.7%
March 2022	61 Days	-19.7%
February 2022	73 Days	-7.6%
January 2022	74 Days	-7.5%
December 2021	66 Days	-13.2%
November 2021	66 Days	-10.8%
October 2021	69 Days	-11.5%
September 2021	66 Days	-21.4%
August 2021	64 Days	-36.0%
July 2021	65 Days	-38.7%
June 2021	63 Days	-41.1%
May 2021	67 Days	-25.6%
April 2021	70 Days	-15.7%





## **New Pending Sales**

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

**Economists' note**: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Percent Change Year-over-Year -17.1%
10 50/
-19.5%
-22.0%
-14.4%
-11.4%
-3.5%
6.7%
-7.0%
-10.9%
-10.2%
-19.3%
-17.2%
11.2%
103.9%



## **New Listings**

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

*Economists' note*: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	6,299	-7.4%
April 2022	1,647	-7.1%
March 2022	1,732	-8.5%
February 2022	1,519	-4.7%
January 2022	1,401	-9.1%
December 2021	1,144	-12.7%
November 2021	1,434	2.9%
October 2021	1,566	-1.7%
September 2021	1,601	-1.9%
August 2021	1,695	4.5%
July 2021	1,666	11.3%
June 2021	1,798	22.6%
May 2021	1,826	17.1%
April 2021	1,773	61.6%



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**New Listings** 

## **Inventory (Active Listings)**

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	2,288	-24.1%
April 2022	2,366	-13.8%
March 2022	2,205	-20.8%
February 2022	2,212	-29.3%
January 2022	2,367	-30.4%
December 2021	2,563	-30.0%
November 2021	2,805	-27.9%
October 2021	2,918	-26.0%
September 2021	2,957	-26.8%
August 2021	3,025	-27.4%
July 2021	2,957	-32.9%
June 2021	2,853	-42.1%
May 2021	2,784	-50.9%
April 2021	2,744	-54.8%



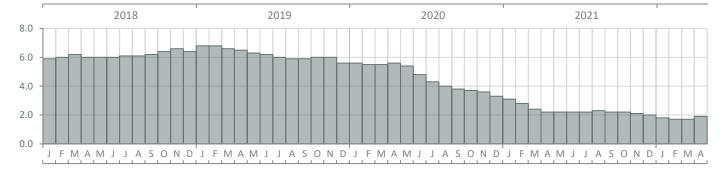
# Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1.8	-30.8%	
April 2022	1.9	-13.6%	
March 2022	1.7	-29.2%	
February 2022	1.7	-39.3%	
January 2022	1.8	-41.9%	
December 2021	2.0	-39.4%	
November 2021	2.1	-41.7%	
October 2021	2.2	-40.5%	
September 2021	2.2	-42.1%	
August 2021	2.3	-42.5%	
July 2021	2.2	-48.8%	
June 2021	2.2	-54.2%	
May 2021	2.2	-59.3%	
April 2021	2.2	-60.7%	





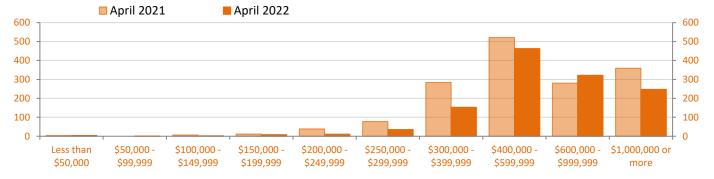


## Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	2	-71.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	8	-33.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	11	-71.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	35	-55.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	153	-46.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	463	-11.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	322	15.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	247	-31.2%

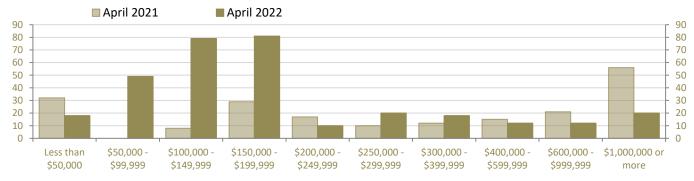


## Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

**Economists' note**: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	18 Days	-43.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	49 Days	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	79 Days	887.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	81 Days	179.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	10 Days	-41.2%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	20 Days	100.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	18 Days	50.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	12 Days	-20.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	12 Days	-42.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	20 Days	-64.3%



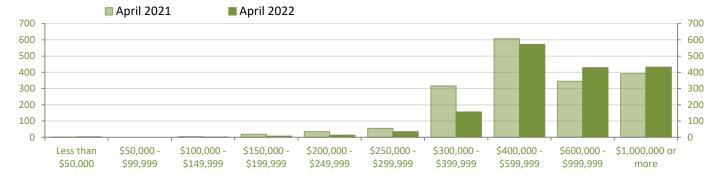
**Median Time to Contract** 

## New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

*Economists' note:* New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	200.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	1	-75.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	7	-63.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	13	-61.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	34	-38.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	156	-50.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	572	-5.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	429	24.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	432	10.2%



## Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

**Economists' note**: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	-50.0%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	1	-75.0%	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	5	-80.0%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	17	-64.6%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	46	-47.7%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	167	-48.1%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	573	-15.2%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	597	7.8%	
\$1,000,000 or more	959	-6.4%	



## Monthly Distressed Market - April 2022 Single-Family Homes Miami-Dade County





		April 2022	April 2021	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	1,225	1,559	-21.4%
	Median Sale Price	\$570,000	\$520,000	9.6%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	15	16	-6.3%
	Median Sale Price	\$460,000	\$380,000	21.1%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	6	9	-33.3%
	Median Sale Price	\$384,000	\$300,000	28.0%

