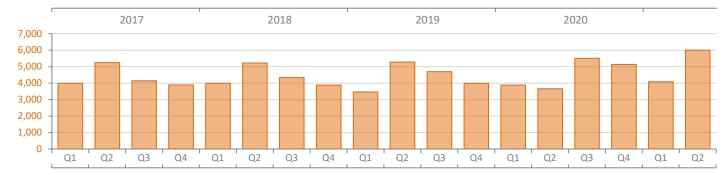




**Closed Sales** 

Summary Statistics	Q2 2021	Q2 2020	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	5,996	3,660	63.8%
Paid in Cash	2,599	1,075	141.8%
Median Sale Price	\$479,900	\$370,000	29.7%
Average Sale Price	\$1,017,857	\$638,340	59.5%
Dollar Volume	\$6.1 Billion	\$2.3 Billion	161.2%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	99.4%	95.3%	4.3%
Median Time to Contract	12 Days	45 Days	-73.3%
Median Time to Sale	60 Days	92 Days	-34.8%
New Pending Sales	5,926	4,932	20.2%
New Listings	6,360	5,041	26.2%
Pending Inventory	3,090	3,291	-6.1%
Inventory (Active Listings)	2,260	4,989	-54.7%
Months Supply of Inventory	1.3	3.7	-64.9%

Closed Sales	Quarter	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	10,084	33.7%
The number of sales transactions which closed during	Q2 2021	5,996	63.8%
the quarter	Q1 2021	4,088	5.3%
	Q4 2020	5,135	28.9%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most	Q3 2020	5,498	17.1%
important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year),	Q2 2020	3,660	-30.6%
	Q1 2020	3,881	12.0%
	Q4 2019	3,983	2.7%
	Q3 2019	4,697	8.3%
	Q2 2019	5,276	1.2%
	Q1 2019	3,465	-13.1%
	Q4 2018	3,877	-0.4%
	Q3 2018	4,337	4.6%
rather than changes from one quarter to the next.	Q2 2018	5,216	-0.4%





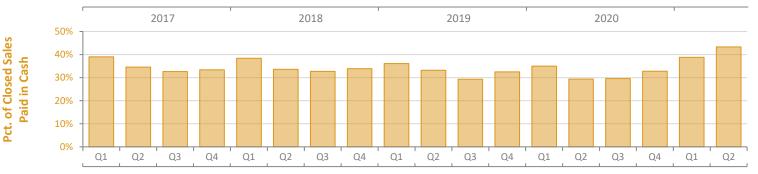
Cash Sales	Quarter	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	4,184	72.0%
The number of Closed Sales during the quarter in	Q2 2021	2,599	141.8%
which buyers exclusively paid in cash	Q1 2021	1,585	16.8%
which buyers exclusively paid in cash	Q4 2020	1,682	30.1%
	Q3 2020	1,626	18.0%
	Q2 2020	1,075	-38.7%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to	Q1 2020	1,357	8.4%
which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are	Q4 2019	1,293	-1.7%
far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front,	Q3 2019	1,378	-2.8%
whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other	Q2 2019	1,753	-0.1%
form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so	Q1 2019	1,252	-18.3%
this statistic should be interpreted with care.	Q4 2018	1,315	1.2%
-	Q3 2018	1,417	4.7%



## Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the quarter which were Cash Sales

*Economists' note* : This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each quarter involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.







#### Percent Change Median Sale Price Median Sale Price Quarter Year-over-Year Year-to-Date \$457,000 24.5% The median sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. 02 2021 \$479,900 29.7% Q1 2021 19.2% \$435,000 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below) Q4 2020 \$420,000 17.0% Q3 2020 \$399,000 12.4% *Economists' note* : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary Q2 2020 4.2% \$370,000 statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Q1 2020 5.8% \$365,000 Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of Q4 2019 \$359,000 4.1% homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind Q3 2019 \$355,000 2.9% that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by Q2 2019 1.4% \$355,000 changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only Q1 2019 \$345,000 1.5% Q4 2018 \$345,000 4.5% reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each quarter, and the mix of Q3 2018 \$345,000 3.3% the types of homes that sell can change over time.



Q2 2018

## Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note* : Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Quarter	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$982,613	57.5%
Q2 2021	\$1,017,857	59.5%
Q1 2021	\$930,918	52.6%
Q4 2020	\$770,449	53.7%
Q3 2020	\$682,949	23.3%
Q2 2020	\$638,340	14.0%
Q1 2020	\$609,960	11.6%
Q4 2019	\$501,195	-3.2%
Q3 2019	\$554,049	10.4%
Q2 2019	\$559,817	-3.8%
Q1 2019	\$546,319	-7.7%
Q4 2018	\$517,843	4.6%
Q3 2018	\$501,658	9.1%
Q2 2018	\$581,800	8.6%

\$350,000

4.5%



**Median Sale Price** 

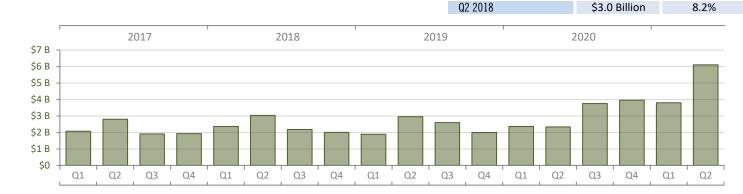
Average Sale Price



\$2.2 Billion

14.1%

Dollar Volume	Quarter	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	\$9.9 Billion	110.7%
The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed	Q2 2021	\$6.1 Billion	161.2%
	Q1 2021	\$3.8 Billion	60.8%
during the quarter	Q4 2020	\$4.0 Billion	98.2%
	Q3 2020	\$3.8 Billion	44.3%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices	Q2 2020	\$2.3 Billion	-20.9%
in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying	Q1 2020	\$2.4 Billion	25.1%
Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health	Q4 2019	\$2.0 Billion	-0.6%
of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to	Q3 2019	\$2.6 Billion	19.6%
real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies.	Q2 2019	\$3.0 Billion	-2.7%
Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely	Q1 2019	\$1.9 Billion	-19.8%
be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components	Q4 2018	\$2.0 Billion	4.2%



Q3 2018

# Median Percent of Original List Price Received

of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the quarter

*Economists' note* : The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Quarter	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	98.2%	3.2%
Q2 2021	99.4%	4.3%
Q1 2021	97.0%	2.1%
Q4 2020	96.7%	1.6%
Q3 2020	96.2%	1.3%
Q2 2020	95.3%	0.8%
Q1 2020	95.0%	0.7%
Q4 2019	95.2%	0.5%
Q3 2019	95.0%	0.1%
Q2 2019	94.5%	-0.4%
Q1 2019	94.3%	-0.4%
Q4 2018	94.7%	-0.1%
Q3 2018	94.9%	-0.1%
Q2 2018	94.9%	0.2%



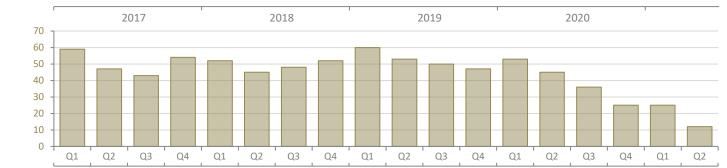


# Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

*Economists' note* : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
16 Days	-67.3%
12 Days	-73.3%
25 Days	-52.8%
25 Days	-46.8%
36 Days	-28.0%
45 Days	-15.1%
53 Days	-11.7%
47 Days	-9.6%
50 Days	4.2%
53 Days	17.8%
60 Days	15.4%
52 Days	-3.7%
48 Days	11.6%
45 Days	-4.3%
	Contract   16 Days   12 Days   25 Days   25 Days   36 Days   45 Days   53 Days   47 Days   50 Days   53 Days   47 Days   50 Days   52 Days   44 Days   53 Days   44 Days   54 Days



## Median Time to Sale

**Median Time to** 

Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

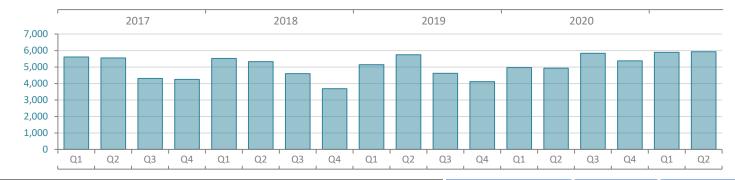
*Economists' note* : Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Quarter	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	64 Days	-32.6%
Q2 2021	60 Days	-34.8%
Q1 2021	71 Days	-26.8%
Q4 2020	70 Days	-21.3%
Q3 2020	80 Days	-15.8%
Q2 2020	92 Days	-5.2%
Q1 2020	97 Days	-3.0%
Q4 2019	89 Days	-4.3%
Q3 2019	95 Days	5.6%
Q2 2019	97 Days	6.6%
Q1 2019	100 Days	5.3%
Q4 2018	93 Days	-6.1%
Q3 2018	90 Days	0.0%
Q2 2018	91 Days	-3.2%





New Pending Sales	Quarter	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
0	Year-to-Date	11,820	19.4%
The number of listed properties that went under	Q2 2021	5,926	20.2%
contract during the quarter	Q1 2021	5,894	18.7%
	Q4 2020	5,376	30.8%
	Q3 2020	5,834	26.2%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a	Q2 2020	4,932	-14.2%
sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent	Q1 2020	4,965	-3.5%
indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in	Q4 2019	4,111	11.5%
mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully.	Q3 2019	4,621	0.6%
So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed	Q2 2019	5,746	7.9%
Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the	Q1 2019	5,143	-6.9%
availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of	Q4 2018	3,686	-13.3%
distressed properties for sale.	Q3 2018	4,594	6.7%



Q2 2018

## New Listings The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

*Economists' note* : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Quarter	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	12,120	8.9%
Q2 2021	6,360	26.2%
Q1 2021	5,760	-5.3%
Q4 2020	5,265	2.0%
Q3 2020	5,819	12.8%
Q2 2020	5,041	-16.7%
Q1 2020	6,084	-10.8%
Q4 2019	5,160	-6.6%
Q3 2019	5,158	-8.9%
Q2 2019	6,055	-3.8%
Q1 2019	6,820	-0.5%
Q4 2018	5,523	2.1%
Q3 2018	5,663	10.8%
Q2 2018	6,291	-0.2%

5,324

-4.1%



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**New Listings** 



Inventory (Active Listings)	Quarter	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	YTD (Monthly Avg)	2,627	-56.1%
The number of property listings active at the end of	Q2 2021	2,260	-54.7%
	Q1 2021	2,718	-56.6%
the quarter	Q4 2020	3,551	-42.4%
	Q3 2020	4,141	-32.6%
<i>Economists' note</i> : There are a number of ways to define and calculate	Q2 2020	4,989	-26.1%
Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings	Q1 2020	6,265	-21.3%
on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with	Q4 2019	6,162	-16.1%
the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New	Q3 2019	6,144	-8.7%
Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market	Q2 2019	6,753	-1.5%
(regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New	Q1 2019	7,959	8.5%
Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-	Q4 2018	7,347	7.3%
market.	Q3 2018	6,726	0.3%

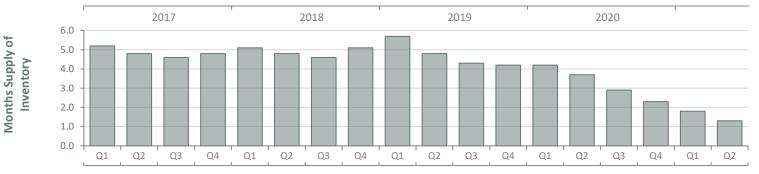


# Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

*Economists' note* : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Quarter	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1.7	-59.5%
Q2 2021	1.3	-64.9%
Q1 2021	1.8	-57.1%
Q4 2020	2.3	-45.2%
Q3 2020	2.9	-32.6%
Q2 2020	3.7	-22.9%
Q1 2020	4.2	-26.3%
Q4 2019	4.2	-17.6%
Q3 2019	4.3	-6.5%
Q2 2019	4.8	0.0%
Q1 2019	5.7	11.8%
Q4 2018	5.1	6.3%
Q3 2018	4.6	0.0%
Q2 2018	4.8	0.0%



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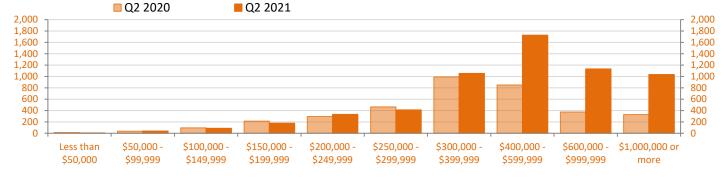


# **Closed Sales by Sale Price**

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

*Economists' note:* Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.

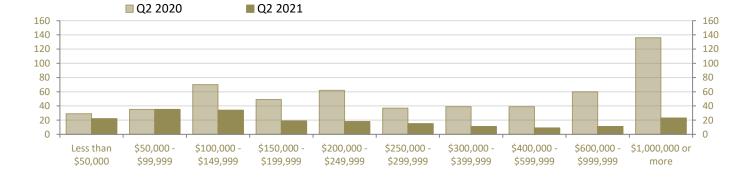
Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	6	-53.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	40	11.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	86	-10.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	176	-17.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	331	12.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	411	-11.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	1,053	6.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	1,726	103.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,133	202.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	1,034	213.3%



## Median Time to Contract by Sale Price The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

*Economists' note* : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	22 Days	-24.1%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	35 Days	0.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	34 Days	-51.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	19 Days	-61.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	18 Days	-71.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	15 Days	-59.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	11 Days	-71.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	9 Days	-76.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	11 Days	-81.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	23 Days	-83.1%



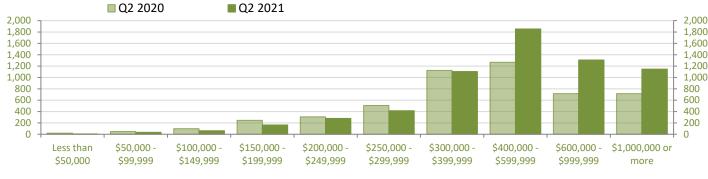


# New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

*Economists' note:* New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	6	-68.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	34	-29.2%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	61	-37.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	162	-33.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	277	-9.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	413	-18.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	1,104	-1.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	1,853	46.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,305	82.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	1,145	60.4%



## Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

*Economists' note* : There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going offmarket.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	12	-72.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	22	-80.2%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	53	-77.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	79	-67.2%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	133	-57.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	278	-59.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	461	-53.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	404	-55.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	817	-43.5%



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Inventory

Quarterly Distressed Market - Q2 2021 Single-Family Homes Palm Beach County





Traditional Foreclosure/REO Short Sale

