



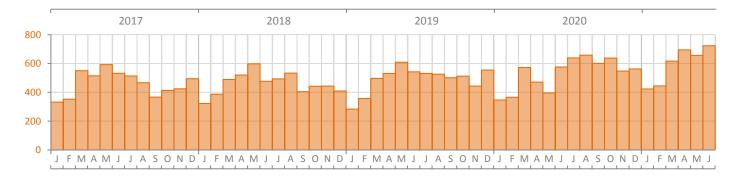
| Summary Statistics                                | June 2021       | June 2020       | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Closed Sales                                      | 723             | 575             | 25.7%                            |
| Paid in Cash                                      | 187             | 103             | 81.6%                            |
| Median Sale Price                                 | \$305,000       | \$244,900       | 24.5%                            |
| Average Sale Price                                | \$329,530       | \$255,643       | 28.9%                            |
| Dollar Volume                                     | \$238.3 Million | \$147.0 Million | 62.1%                            |
| Median Percent of Original<br>List Price Received | 100.0%          | 97.1%           | 3.0%                             |
| Median Time to Contract                           | 8 Days          | 47 Days         | -83.0%                           |
| Median Time to Sale                               | 54 Days         | 101 Days        | -46.5%                           |
| New Pending Sales                                 | 509             | 795             | -36.0%                           |
| New Listings                                      | 750             | 625             | 20.0%                            |
| Pending Inventory                                 | 1,071           | 1,269           | -15.6%                           |
| Inventory (Active Listings)                       | 917             | 1,292           | -29.0%                           |
| Months Supply of Inventory                        | 1.5             | 2.7             | -44.4%                           |

## **Closed Sales**

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

*Economists' note* : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

| Month          | Closed Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 3,557        | 30.4%                            |
| June 2021      | 723          | 25.7%                            |
| May 2021       | 656          | 65.7%                            |
| April 2021     | 694          | 47.3%                            |
| March 2021     | 616          | 7.7%                             |
| February 2021  | 445          | 21.6%                            |
| January 2021   | 423          | 21.9%                            |
| December 2020  | 562          | 1.4%                             |
| November 2020  | 548          | 23.7%                            |
| October 2020   | 638          | 24.6%                            |
| September 2020 | 601          | 20.0%                            |
| August 2020    | 657          | 25.1%                            |
| July 2020      | 639          | 20.3%                            |
| June 2020      | 575          | 6.1%                             |



this statistic should be interpreted with care.



| Cash Sales  | Month          | Cash Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|---|----------------|------------|----------------------------------|
|   | Year-to-Date   | 958        | 52.3%                            |
| The number of Closed Sales during the month in which                            | June 2021      | 187        | 81.6%                            |
| buyers exclusively paid in cash   | May 2021       | 182        | 160.0%                           |
| buyers exclusively paid in cash   | April 2021     | 200        | 88.7%                            |
|   | March 2021     | 161        | 2.5%                             |
|   | February 2021  | 115        | 13.9%                            |
| <i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to | January 2021   | 113        | 22.8%                            |
| which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are             | December 2020  | 122        | 8.9%                             |
| far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front,        | November 2020  | 115        | 5.5%                             |
| whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other                 | October 2020   | 121        | 19.8%                            |
| form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so           | September 2020 | 118        | 4.4%                             |

August 2020

July 2020



## Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

*Economists' note* : This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

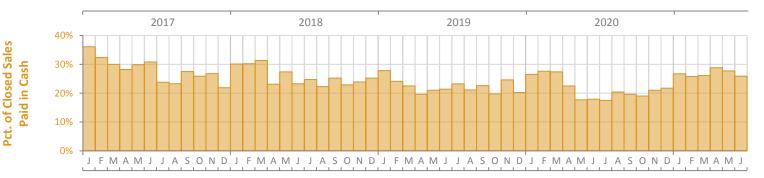
| Month          | Percent of Closed<br>Sales Paid in Cash | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 26.9%                                   | 16.5%                            |
| June 2021      | 25.9%                                   | 44.7%                            |
| May 2021       | 27.7%                                   | 56.5%                            |
| April 2021     | 28.8%                                   | 28.0%                            |
| March 2021     | 26.1%                                   | -4.7%                            |
| February 2021  | 25.8%                                   | -6.5%                            |
| January 2021   | 26.7%                                   | 0.8%                             |
| December 2020  | 21.7%                                   | 7.4%                             |
| November 2020  | 21.0%                                   | -14.6%                           |
| October 2020   | 19.0%                                   | -3.6%                            |
| September 2020 | 19.6%                                   | -13.3%                           |
| August 2020    | 20.4%                                   | -3.3%                            |
| July 2020      | 17.5%                                   | -24.6%                           |
| June 2020      | 17.9%                                   | -16.4%                           |

134

112

20.7%

-8.9%





## Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

*Economists' note* : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

| Month          | Median Sale Price | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$286,415         | 19.3%                            |
| June 2021      | \$305,000         | 24.5%                            |
| May 2021       | \$299,000         | 26.4%                            |
| April 2021     | \$295,000         | 20.7%                            |
| March 2021     | \$281,153         | 15.8%                            |
| February 2021  | \$275,000         | 17.0%                            |
| January 2021   | \$270,000         | 17.4%                            |
| December 2020  | \$269,450         | 14.2%                            |
| November 2020  | \$259,575         | 7.5%                             |
| October 2020   | \$260,000         | 9.7%                             |
| September 2020 | \$258,680         | 8.6%                             |
| August 2020    | \$252,900         | 7.6%                             |
| July 2020      | \$250,000         | 8.2%                             |
| June 2020      | \$244,900         | 4.2%                             |



### Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note* : Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

| Month          | Average Sale Price | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$319,707          | 26.5%                            |
| June 2021      | \$329,530          | 28.9%                            |
| May 2021       | \$337,482          | 37.0%                            |
| April 2021     | \$327,221          | 30.2%                            |
| March 2021     | \$306,274          | 18.4%                            |
| February 2021  | \$310,966          | 24.2%                            |
| January 2021   | \$291,783          | 16.8%                            |
| December 2020  | \$293,793          | 18.5%                            |
| November 2020  | \$274,190          | 9.1%                             |
| October 2020   | \$288,834          | 19.7%                            |
| September 2020 | \$278,970          | 10.9%                            |
| August 2020    | \$273,824          | 14.0%                            |
| July 2020      | \$273,272          | 10.9%                            |
| June 2020      | \$255,643          | 3.3%                             |



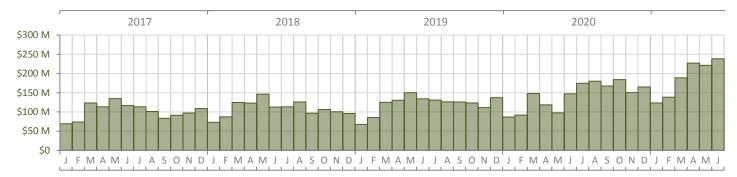


### **Dollar Volume**

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

*Economists' note* : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

| Month          | Dollar Volume   | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | \$1.1 Billion   | 65.0%                            |
| June 2021      | \$238.3 Million | 62.1%                            |
| May 2021       | \$221.4 Million | 127.0%                           |
| April 2021     | \$227.1 Million | 91.9%                            |
| March 2021     | \$188.7 Million | 27.5%                            |
| February 2021  | \$138.4 Million | 51.0%                            |
| January 2021   | \$123.4 Million | 42.4%                            |
| December 2020  | \$165.1 Million | 20.2%                            |
| November 2020  | \$150.3 Million | 35.0%                            |
| October 2020   | \$184.3 Million | 49.2%                            |
| September 2020 | \$167.7 Million | 33.0%                            |
| August 2020    | \$179.9 Million | 42.6%                            |
| July 2020      | \$174.6 Million | 33.4%                            |
| June 2020      | \$147.0 Million | 9.6%                             |

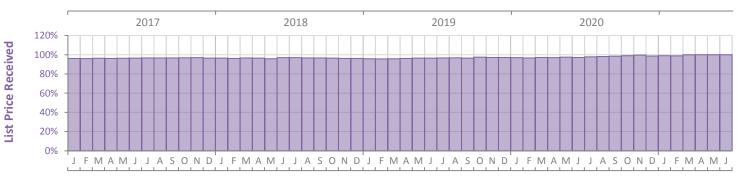


## Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

*Economists' note* : The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

| Month          | Med. Pct. of Orig.<br>List Price Received | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 100.0%                                    | 3.1%                             |
| June 2021      | 100.0%                                    | 3.0%                             |
| May 2021       | 100.0%                                    | 2.7%                             |
| April 2021     | 100.0%                                    | 3.2%                             |
| March 2021     | 100.0%                                    | 3.0%                             |
| February 2021  | 98.8%                                     | 2.2%                             |
| January 2021   | 99.0%                                     | 2.2%                             |
| December 2020  | 98.6%                                     | 1.5%                             |
| November 2020  | 99.6%                                     | 2.5%                             |
| October 2020   | 98.9%                                     | 1.4%                             |
| September 2020 | 98.4%                                     | 2.1%                             |
| August 2020    | 98.2%                                     | 1.4%                             |
| July 2020      | 97.8%                                     | 1.2%                             |
| June 2020      | 97.1%                                     | 0.7%                             |



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Med. Pct. of Orig.

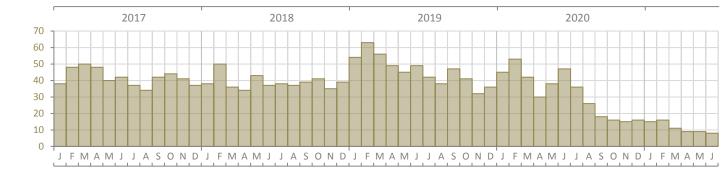


## Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

*Economists' note* : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Month          | Median Time to<br>Contract | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 11 Days                    | -75.0%                           |
| June 2021      | 8 Days                     | -83.0%                           |
| May 2021       | 9 Days                     | -76.3%                           |
| April 2021     | 9 Days                     | -70.0%                           |
| March 2021     | 11 Days                    | -73.8%                           |
| February 2021  | 16 Days                    | -69.8%                           |
| January 2021   | 15 Days                    | -66.7%                           |
| December 2020  | 16 Days                    | -55.6%                           |
| November 2020  | 15 Days                    | -53.1%                           |
| October 2020   | 16 Days                    | -61.0%                           |
| September 2020 | 18 Days                    | -61.7%                           |
| August 2020    | 26 Days                    | -31.6%                           |
| July 2020      | 36 Days                    | -14.3%                           |
| June 2020      | 47 Days                    | -4.1%                            |



### Median Time to Sale

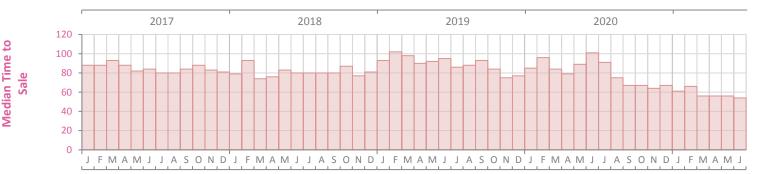
**Median Time to** 

Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

*Economists' note* : Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

| Month          | Median Time to Sale | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 58 Days             | -36.3%                           |
| June 2021      | 54 Days             | -46.5%                           |
| May 2021       | 56 Days             | -37.1%                           |
| April 2021     | 56 Days             | -29.1%                           |
| March 2021     | 56 Days             | -33.3%                           |
| February 2021  | 66 Days             | -31.3%                           |
| January 2021   | 61 Days             | -28.2%                           |
| December 2020  | 67 Days             | -13.0%                           |
| November 2020  | 64 Days             | -14.7%                           |
| October 2020   | 67 Days             | -20.2%                           |
| September 2020 | 67 Days             | -28.0%                           |
| August 2020    | 75 Days             | -14.8%                           |
| July 2020      | 91 Days             | 5.8%                             |
| June 2020      | 101 Days            | 6.3%                             |



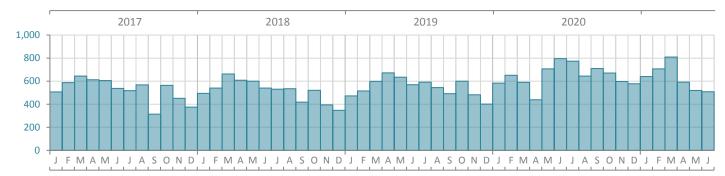


| New Pending Sales  | Month          | New Pending Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|--|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
|  | Year-to-Date   | 3,775             | 0.2%                             |
| The number of listed properties that went under                                | June 2021      | 509               | -36.0%                           |
| contract during the month  | May 2021       | 519               | -26.6%                           |
|  | April 2021     | 591               | 34.6%                            |
|  | March 2021     | 809               | 37.1%                            |
| <i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a | February 2021  | 707               | 8.6%                             |
| sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent                | January 2021   | 640               | 9.6%                             |
| indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in         | December 2020  | 578               | 44.1%                            |
| mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully.         | November 2020  | 597               | 23.9%                            |
| So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed         | October 2020   | 671               | 11.8%                            |
| Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the               | September 2020 | 709               | 44.1%                            |

August 2020

July 2020

June 2020



# New Listings

distressed properties for sale.

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of

*Economists' note* : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

| Month          | New Listings | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Year-to-Date   | 4,449        | 12.6%                            |
| June 2021      | 750          | 20.0%                            |
| May 2021       | 766          | 18.9%                            |
| April 2021     | 763          | 56.7%                            |
| March 2021     | 816          | 19.8%                            |
| February 2021  | 662          | -2.8%                            |
| January 2021   | 692          | -16.8%                           |
| December 2020  | 553          | 10.6%                            |
| November 2020  | 614          | 4.8%                             |
| October 2020   | 664          | -10.8%                           |
| September 2020 | 756          | 36.0%                            |
| August 2020    | 675          | 11.9%                            |
| July 2020      | 622          | -0.6%                            |
| June 2020      | 625          | 6.8%                             |

645

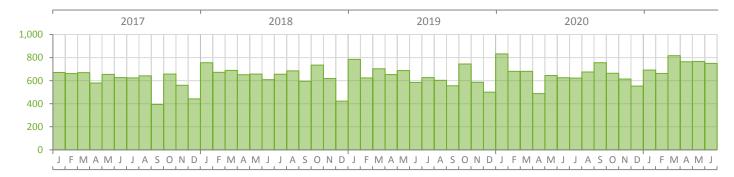
773

795

18.6%

30.6%

39.7%



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**New Listings** 

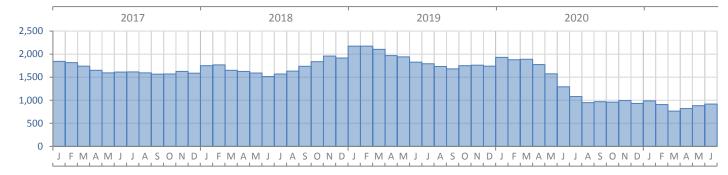


## Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

*Economists' note* : There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

| Month             | Inventory | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| YTD (Monthly Avg) | 880       | -48.9%                           |
| June 2021         | 917       | -29.0%                           |
| May 2021          | 881       | -43.9%                           |
| April 2021        | 820       | -53.8%                           |
| March 2021        | 765       | -59.5%                           |
| February 2021     | 907       | -51.7%                           |
| January 2021      | 988       | -48.8%                           |
| December 2020     | 932       | -46.4%                           |
| November 2020     | 994       | -43.6%                           |
| October 2020      | 959       | -45.2%                           |
| September 2020    | 968       | -42.4%                           |
| August 2020       | 948       | -45.3%                           |
| July 2020         | 1,082     | -39.6%                           |
| June 2020         | 1,292     | -29.3%                           |

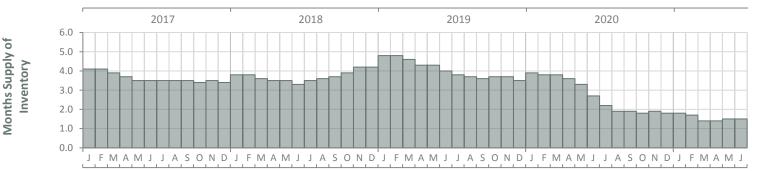


## Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

*Economists' note* : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

| Month             | Months Supply | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| YTD (Monthly Avg) | 1.6           | -54.3%                           |
| June 2021         | 1.5           | -44.4%                           |
| May 2021          | 1.5           | -54.5%                           |
| April 2021        | 1.4           | -61.1%                           |
| March 2021        | 1.4           | -63.2%                           |
| February 2021     | 1.7           | -55.3%                           |
| January 2021      | 1.8           | -53.8%                           |
| December 2020     | 1.8           | -48.6%                           |
| November 2020     | 1.9           | -48.6%                           |
| October 2020      | 1.8           | -51.4%                           |
| September 2020    | 1.9           | -47.2%                           |
| August 2020       | 1.9           | -48.6%                           |
| July 2020         | 2.2           | -42.1%                           |
| June 2020         | 2.7           | -32.5%                           |





## **Closed Sales by Sale Price**

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

*Economists' note:* Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

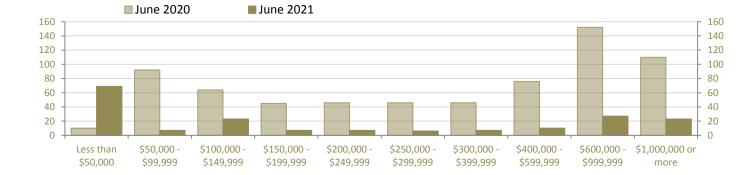
| Sale Price            | Closed Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 1            | -50.0%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 7            | -12.5%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 15           | -40.0%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 42           | -57.6%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 101          | -43.9%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 174          | 16.8%                            |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 256          | 201.2%                           |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 110          | 423.8%                           |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 13           | 225.0%                           |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 4            | 100.0%                           |



#### Median Time to Contract by Sale Price The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

*Economists' note* : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

| Sale Price            | Median Time to<br>Contract | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 69 Days                    | 590.0%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 7 Days                     | -92.4%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 23 Days                    | -64.1%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 7 Days                     | -84.4%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 7 Days                     | -84.8%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 6 Days                     | -87.0%                           |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 7 Days                     | -84.8%                           |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 10 Days                    | -86.8%                           |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 27 Days                    | -82.2%                           |
| \$1.000.000 or more   | 23 Days                    | -79.1%                           |





# New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

*Economists' note:* New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

| Initial | Listing Price  | New Listings | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|---------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Less th | an \$50,000    | 0            | -100.0%                          |
| \$50,00 | 0 - \$99,999   | 6            | 200.0%                           |
| \$100,0 | 00 - \$149,999 | 13           | -40.9%                           |
| \$150,0 | 00 - \$199,999 | 24           | -71.8%                           |
| \$200,0 | 00 - \$249,999 | 93           | -33.6%                           |
| \$250,0 | 00 - \$299,999 | 139          | -12.0%                           |
| \$300,0 | 00 - \$399,999 | 313          | 98.1%                            |
| \$400,0 | 00 - \$599,999 | 123          | 200.0%                           |
| \$600,0 | 00 - \$999,999 | 34           | 277.8%                           |
| \$1,000 | ,000 or more   | 5            | -16.7%                           |

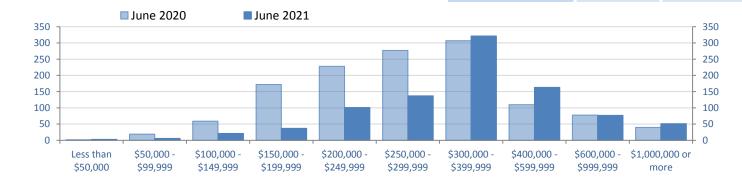


#### Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the month

*Economists' note* : There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

| Current Listing Price | Inventory | Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 3         | 50.0%          |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 6         | -68.4%         |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 21        | -64.4%         |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 37        | -78.5%         |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 101       | -55.7%         |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 137       | -50.5%         |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 321       | 4.6%           |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 163       | 48.2%          |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 77        | -1.3%          |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 51        | 27.5%          |

Percent Chang

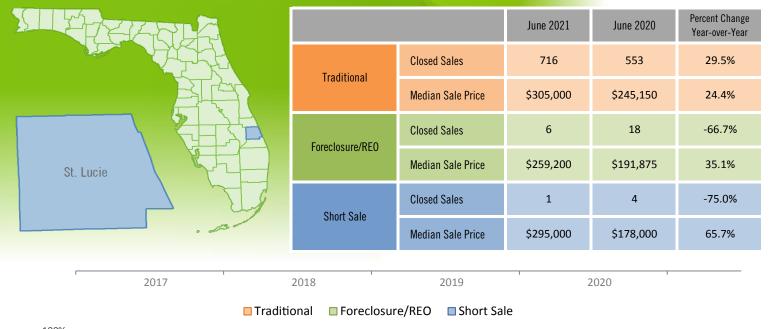


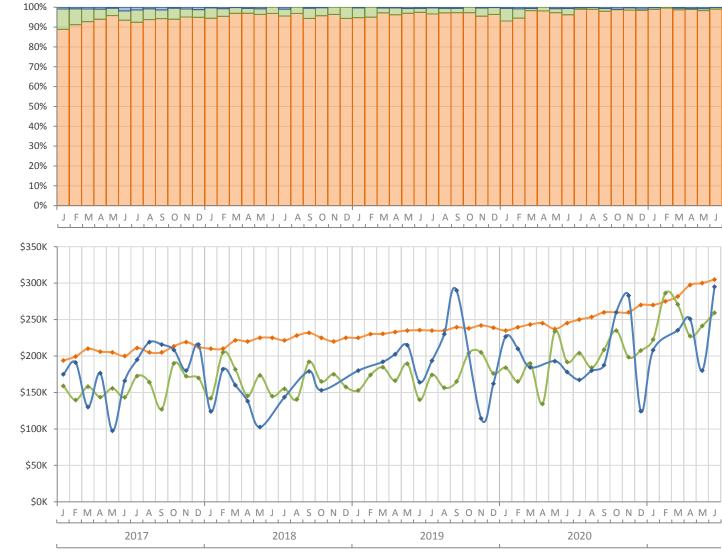
Produced by MIAMI Association of REALTORS® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, July 22, 2021. Next data release is Monday, August 23, 2021.

nventory

Monthly Distressed Market - June 2021 Single-Family Homes St. Lucie County







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**Median Sale Price**