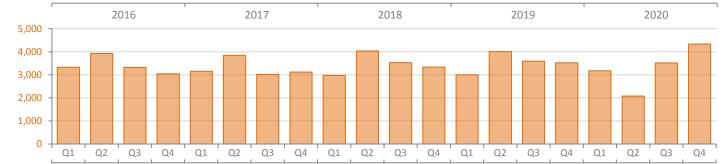




Closed Sales

Summary Statistics	Q4 2020	Q4 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	4,334	3,520	23.1%
Paid in Cash	1,759	1,656	6.2%
Median Sale Price	\$270,000	\$245,000	10.2%
Average Sale Price	\$459,050	\$382,454	20.0%
Dollar Volume	\$2.0 Billion	\$1.3 Billion	47.8%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	94.4%	93.7%	0.7%
Median Time to Contract	59 Days	72 Days	-18.1%
Median Time to Sale	105 Days	114 Days	-7.9%
New Pending Sales	4,863	3,701	31.4%
New Listings	6,407	5,960	7.5%
Pending Inventory	2,682	1,886	42.2%
Inventory (Active Listings)	12,898	14,662	-12.0%
Months Supply of Inventory	11.8	12.5	-5.6%

Closed Sales	Quarter	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	13,095	-7.2%
The number of sales transactions which closed during	Q4 2020	4,334	23.1%
the quarter	Q3 2020	3,512	-2.2%
the qualiter	Q2 2020	2,078	-48.1%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most	Q1 2020	3,171	5.8%
important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When	Q4 2019	3,520	5.6%
comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are	Q3 2019	3,590	1.9%
	Q2 2019	4,007	-0.6%
	Q1 2019	2,997	0.8%
	Q4 2018	3,333	6.9%
affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately	Q3 2018	3,524	16.7%
represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.	Q2 2018	4,033	5.1%
	Q1 2018	2,974	-5.7%
	Q4 2017	3,117	2.6%





Cash Sales	Quarter	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	5,439	-18.9%
The number of Closed Sales during the quarter in	Q4 2020	1,759	6.2%
which buyers exclusively paid in cash	Q3 2020	1,391	-12.9%
which buyers exclusively paid in cash	Q2 2020	770	-59.5%
	Q1 2020	1,519	-2.2%
	Q4 2019	1,656	-0.1%
Economists' note : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to	Q3 2019	1,597	-8.3%
which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are	Q2 2019	1,900	-9.8%
far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front,	Q1 2019	1,553	-3.5%
whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other	Q4 2018	1,658	-0.4%
form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so	Q3 2018	1,742	5.0%
this statistic should be interpreted with care.	Q2 2018	2,106	2.4%
	Q1 2018	1,610	-14.9%
	Q4 2017	1,665	-4.5%



Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the quarter which were Cash Sales

Economists' note : This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each quarter involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.





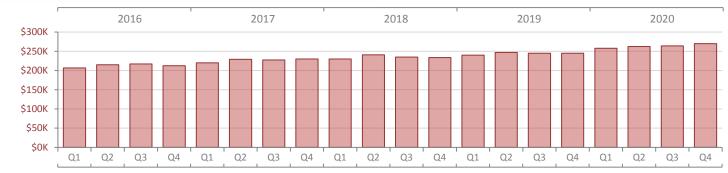


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each quarter, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Quarter	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$264,000	7.8%
Q4 2020	\$270,000	10.2%
Q3 2020	\$264,000	7.8%
Q2 2020	\$262,250	6.2%
Q1 2020	\$257,975	7.5%
Q4 2019	\$245,000	4.9%
Q3 2019	\$245,000	4.3%
Q2 2019	\$247,000	2.5%
Q1 2019	\$240,000	4.3%
Q4 2018	\$233,500	1.5%
Q3 2018	\$235,000	3.3%
Q2 2018	\$240,875	5.2%
Q1 2018	\$230,000	4.5%
Q4 2017	\$230,000	8.2%

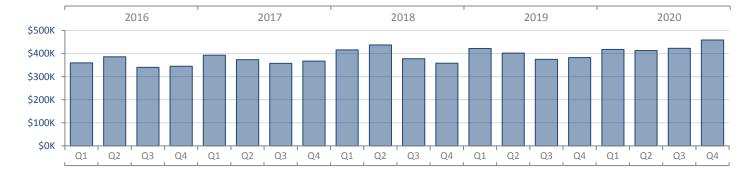


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note : Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Quarter	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$432,078	9.6%
Q4 2020	\$459,050	20.0%
Q3 2020	\$423,009	12.9%
Q2 2020	\$413,292	2.8%
Q1 2020	\$417,572	-1.1%
Q4 2019	\$382,454	6.8%
Q3 2019	\$374,551	-0.9%
Q2 2019	\$401,918	-8.1%
Q1 2019	\$422,035	1.5%
Q4 2018	\$358,041	-2.4%
Q3 2018	\$377,852	5.7%
Q2 2018	\$437,309	17.2%
Q1 2018	\$415,996	5.8%
Q4 2017	\$366,970	6.4%





\$1.2 Billion

\$1.1 Billion

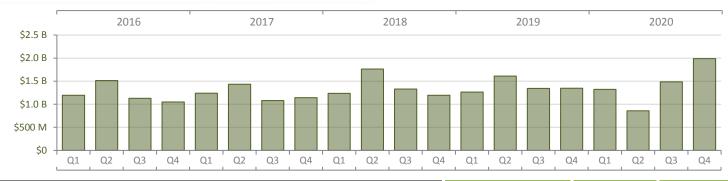
-0.3%

9.2%

Dollar Volume	Quarter	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	\$5.7 Billion	1.7%
The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed	Q4 2020	\$2.0 Billion	47.8%
during the quarter	Q3 2020	\$1.5 Billion	10.5%
during the quarter	Q2 2020	\$858.8 Million	-46.7%
	Q1 2020	\$1.3 Billion	4.7%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices	Q4 2019	\$1.3 Billion	12.8%
in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying	Q3 2019	\$1.3 Billion	1.0%
Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health	Q2 2019	\$1.6 Billion	-8.7%
of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to	Q1 2019	\$1.3 Billion	2.2%
real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies.	Q4 2018	\$1.2 Billion	4.3%
Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely	Q3 2018	\$1.3 Billion	23.3%
be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components	Q2 2018	\$1.8 Billion	23.1%

Q1 2018

Q4 2017



Median Percent of Original List Price Received

of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

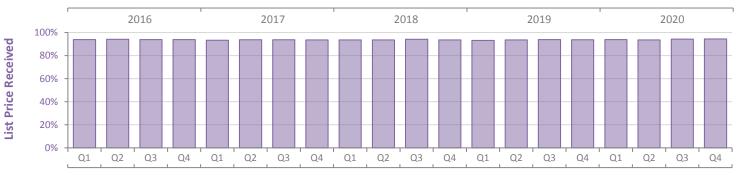
Dollar Volume

Med. Pct. of Orig.

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the quarter

Economists' note : The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Quarter	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	94.2%	0.6%
Q4 2020	94.4%	0.7%
Q3 2020	94.3%	0.5%
Q2 2020	93.6%	0.1%
Q1 2020	93.9%	0.8%
Q4 2019	93.7%	0.1%
Q3 2019	93.8%	-0.3%
Q2 2019	93.5%	0.0%
Q1 2019	93.2%	-0.4%
Q4 2018	93.6%	0.0%
Q3 2018	94.1%	0.4%
Q2 2018	93.5%	-0.2%
Q1 2018	93.6%	0.3%
Q4 2017	93.6%	-0.2%



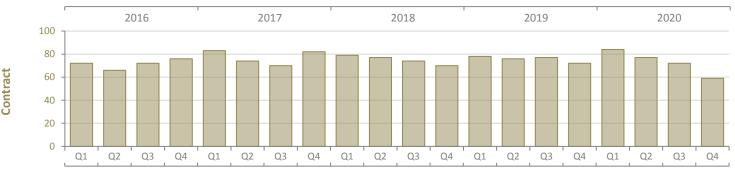


Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Quarter	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	72 Days	-6.5%
Q4 2020	59 Days	-18.1%
Q3 2020	72 Days	-6.5%
Q2 2020	77 Days	1.3%
Q1 2020	84 Days	7.7%
Q4 2019	72 Days	2.9%
Q3 2019	77 Days	4.1%
Q2 2019	76 Days	-1.3%
Q1 2019	78 Days	-1.3%
Q4 2018	70 Days	-14.6%
Q3 2018	74 Days	5.7%
Q2 2018	77 Days	4.1%
Q1 2018	79 Days	-4.8%
Q4 2017	82 Days	7.9%



Median Time to Sale

Median Time to

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note : Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

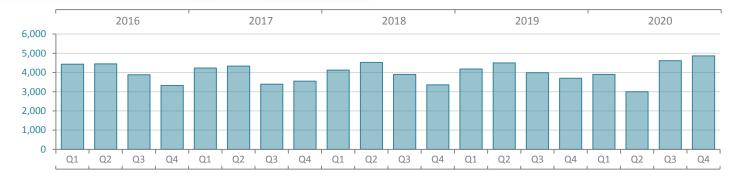
Quarter	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	116 Days	-1.7%
Q4 2020	105 Days	-7.9%
Q3 2020	116 Days	-1.7%
Q2 2020	122 Days	4.3%
Q1 2020	126 Days	5.9%
Q4 2019	114 Days	1.8%
Q3 2019	118 Days	1.7%
Q2 2019	117 Days	0.9%
Q1 2019	119 Days	-2.5%
Q4 2018	112 Days	-11.1%
Q3 2018	116 Days	1.8%
Q2 2018	116 Days	0.0%
Q1 2018	122 Days	-3.9%
Q4 2017	126 Days	3.3%





6.9%

New Pending Sales	Quarter	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Year-to-Date	16,379	0.0%
The number of listed properties that went under	Q4 2020	4,863	31.4%
contract during the quarter	Q3 2020	4,611	15.5%
contract during the quarter	Q2 2020	3,003	-33.3%
	Q1 2020	3,902	-6.7%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a	Q4 2019	3,701	10.1%
sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent	Q3 2019	3,992	2.4%
indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in	Q2 2019	4,499	-0.5%
mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully.	Q1 2019	4,184	1.5%
So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed	Q4 2018	3,361	-5.4%
Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the	Q3 2018	3,898	14.9%
availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of	Q2 2018	4,520	4.3%
distressed properties for sale.	Q1 2018	4,121	-2.6%



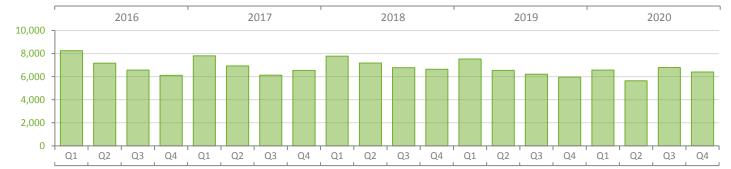
Q4 2017

New Listings The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Quarter	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	25,400	-3.2%
Q4 2020	6,407	7.5%
Q3 2020	6,785	9.2%
Q2 2020	5,645	-13.6%
Q1 2020	6,563	-12.9%
Q4 2019	5,960	-10.3%
Q3 2019	6,213	-8.3%
Q2 2019	6,536	-8.9%
Q1 2019	7,532	-3.1%
Q4 2018	6,644	1.5%
Q3 2018	6,777	10.6%
Q2 2018	7,175	3.5%
Q1 2018	7,771	-0.4%
Q4 2017	6,543	7.1%

3,553



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New Listings



16,060

4.2%

Inventory (Active Listings)	Quarter	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	YTD (Monthly Avg)	14,331	-8.5%
The number of property listings active at the end of	Q4 2020	12,898	-12.0%
	Q3 2020	14,148	-6.6%
the quarter	Q2 2020	14,432	-6.8%
	Q1 2020	14,836	-9.5%
<i>Economists' note</i> : There are a number of ways to define and calculate	Q4 2019	14,662	-7.6%
Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings	Q3 2019	15,142	-1.9%
on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with	Q2 2019	15,488	1.4%
the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New	Q1 2019	16,401	2.1%
Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market	Q4 2018	15,871	5.9%
(regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New	Q3 2018	15,435	4.1%
Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-	Q2 2018	15,269	1.1%

Q1 2018

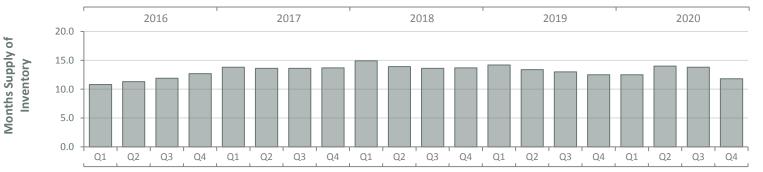


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to <u>deplete</u> the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note : MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Quarter	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	13.0	-3.7%
Q4 2020	11.8	-5.6%
Q3 2020	13.8	6.2%
Q2 2020	14.0	4.5%
Q1 2020	12.5	-12.0%
Q4 2019	12.5	-8.8%
Q3 2019	13.0	-4.4%
Q2 2019	13.4	-3.6%
Q1 2019	14.2	-4.7%
Q4 2018	13.7	0.0%
Q3 2018	13.6	0.0%
Q2 2018	13.9	2.2%
Q1 2018	14.9	8.0%
Q4 2017	13.7	7.9%



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market.



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a quarter's sales to the amount of sales in the same quarter in the previous year), rather than changes from one quarter to the next.

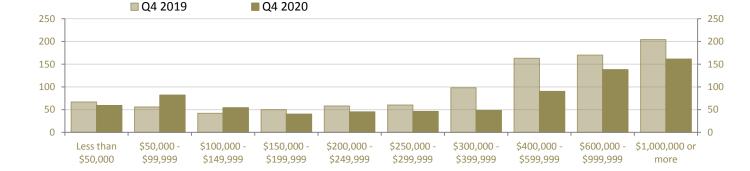
Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	18	-30.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	74	-25.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	360	-9.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	720	3.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	674	16.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	642	23.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	767	53.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	461	62.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	310	44.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	308	53.2%



Median Time to Contract by Sale Price The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the quarter

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the quarter. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	59 Days	-11.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	82 Days	46.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	54 Days	28.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	40 Days	-20.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	45 Days	-22.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	46 Days	-23.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	48 Days	-51.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	90 Days	-44.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	138 Days	-18.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	161 Days	-21.1%





New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

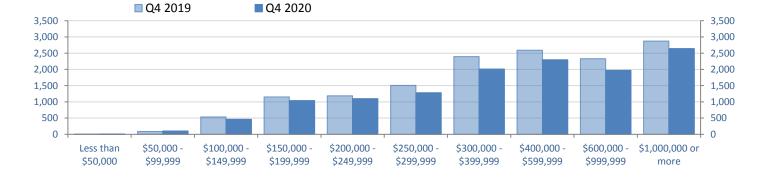
Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	25	-19.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	57	-28.8%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	366	-10.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	918	3.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	811	13.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	826	6.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	1,124	23.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	898	14.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	613	-2.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	769	5.3%



Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

Economists' note : There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going offmarket.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	-50.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	102	17.2%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	463	-13.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	1,038	-10.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	1,098	-7.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	1,280	-15.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	2,011	-16.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	2,294	-11.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,970	-15.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	2,639	-8.1%



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nventory

Quarterly Distressed Market - Q4 2020 Townhouses and Condos Miami-Dade County



