



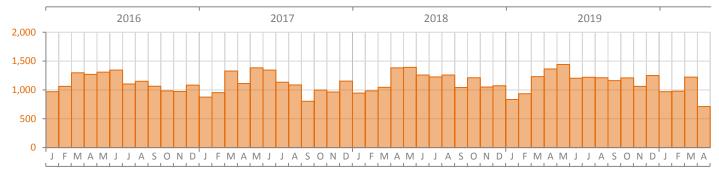
Summa	ary Statistics	April 2020	April 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed	Sales	711	1,364	-47.9%
Paid	in Cash	243	665	-63.5%
Medi	ian Sale Price	\$265,000	\$248,000	6.9%
Aver	age Sale Price	\$417,602	\$408,978	2.1%
Dolla	ar Volume	\$296.9 Million	\$557.8 Million	-46.8%
	ian Percent of Original Price Received	94.4%	93.4%	1.1%
Medi	ian Time to Contract	52 Days	74 Days	-29.7%
Medi	ian Time to Sale	96 Days	115 Days	-16.5%
New Pe	ending Sales	511	1,622	-68.5%
New Li	stings	1,266	2,297	-44.9%
Pendin	g Inventory	1,593	2,587	-38.4%
Invento	ory (Active Listings)	14,599	16,049	-9.0%
Months	Supply of Inventory	12.8	13.9	-7.9%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,882	-11.0%
April 2020	711	-47.9%
March 2020	1,223	-0.6%
February 2020	978	4.7%
January 2020	970	16.4%
December 2019	1,250	16.7%
November 2019	1,061	1.0%
October 2019	1,209	-0.2%
September 2019	1,160	11.4%
August 2019	1,210	-3.8%
July 2019	1,220	-0.4%
June 2019	1,202	-4.4%
May 2019	1,441	3.5%
April 2019	1,364	-1.4%



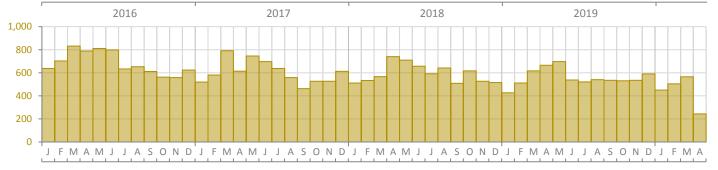


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,762	-20.6%
April 2020	243	-63.5%
March 2020	565	-8.3%
February 2020	504	-1.4%
January 2020	450	5.6%
December 2019	590	14.6%
November 2019	535	1.7%
October 2019	531	-13.9%
September 2019	535	5.1%
August 2019	541	-15.7%
July 2019	521	-11.8%
June 2019	538	-18.1%
May 2019	697	-1.7%
April 2019	665	-10.1%



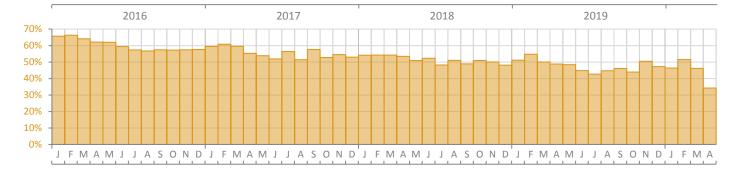
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Percent of Closed	Percent Change
Sales Paid in Cash	Year-over-Year
45.4%	-10.8%
34.2%	-29.9%
46.2%	-7.8%
51.5%	-5.9%
46.4%	-9.2%
47.2%	-1.9%
50.4%	0.6%
43.9%	-13.8%
46.1%	-5.7%
44.7%	-12.4%
42.7%	-11.4%
44.8%	-14.3%
48.4%	-4.9%
48.8%	-8.8%
	Sales Paid in Cash 45.4% 34.2% 46.2% 51.5% 46.4% 47.2% 50.4% 43.9% 46.1% 44.7% 42.7% 44.8% 48.4%







Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$260,000	7.4%
April 2020	\$265,000	6.9%
March 2020	\$269,000	9.8%
February 2020	\$255,000	2.0%
January 2020	\$245,000	6.5%
December 2019	\$245,000	4.3%
November 2019	\$245,000	6.5%
October 2019	\$247,000	5.1%
September 2019	\$245,000	3.2%
August 2019	\$241,635	5.1%
July 2019	\$249,500	2.7%
June 2019	\$250,000	4.2%
May 2019	\$243,000	-0.8%
April 2019	\$248,000	2.8%

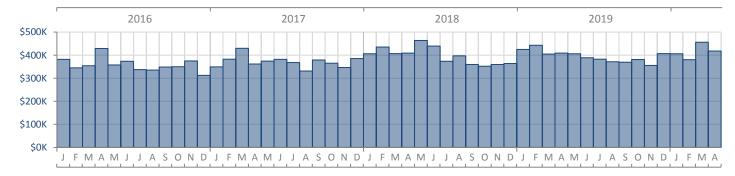


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
\$417,577	-0.1%
\$417,602	2.1%
\$456,098	12.7%
\$380,764	-14.0%
\$406,108	-4.4%
\$406,832	11.9%
\$355,330	-1.2%
\$381,053	8.4%
\$369,490	2.8%
\$371,145	-6.5%
\$382,741	2.4%
\$388,908	-11.5%
\$406,088	-12.5%
\$408,978	0.1%
	\$417,577 \$417,602 \$456,098 \$380,764 \$406,108 \$406,832 \$355,330 \$381,053 \$369,490 \$371,145 \$382,741 \$388,908 \$406,088



Median Sale Price

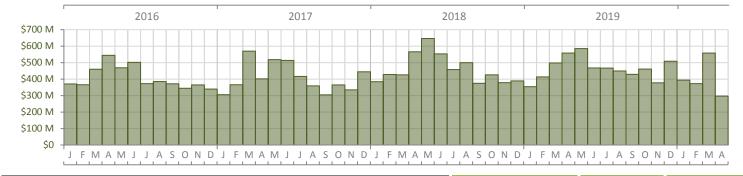


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$1.6 Billion	-11.1%
April 2020	\$296.9 Million	-46.8%
March 2020	\$557.8 Million	12.1%
February 2020	\$372.4 Million	-9.9%
January 2020	\$393.9 Million	11.4%
December 2019	\$508.5 Million	30.6%
November 2019	\$377.0 Million	-0.2%
October 2019	\$460.7 Million	8.1%
September 2019	\$428.6 Million	14.5%
August 2019	\$449.1 Million	-10.1%
July 2019	\$466.9 Million	2.0%
June 2019	\$467.5 Million	-15.4%
May 2019	\$585.2 Million	-9.4%
April 2019	\$557.8 Million	-1.3%



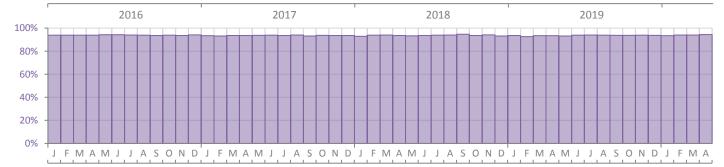
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig.	Percent Change
	List Price Received	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	94.0%	0.8%
April 2020	94.4%	1.1%
March 2020	94.0%	0.6%
February 2020	94.0%	1.5%
January 2020	93.4%	-0.1%
December 2019	93.7%	0.6%
November 2019	93.8%	-0.3%
October 2019	93.7%	0.2%
September 2019	93.7%	-1.1%
August 2019	93.8%	-0.2%
July 2019	94.0%	0.2%
June 2019	93.8%	0.3%
May 2019	93.1%	-0.2%
April 2019	93.4%	-0.1%







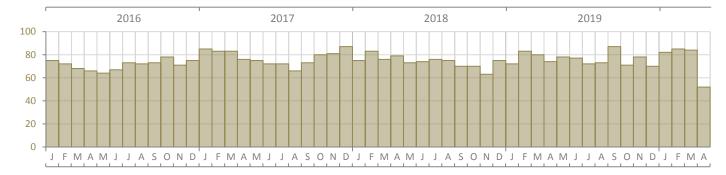
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	75 Days	-2.6%
April 2020	52 Days	-29.7%
March 2020	84 Days	5.0%
February 2020	85 Days	2.4%
January 2020	82 Days	13.9%
December 2019	70 Days	-6.7%
November 2019	78 Days	23.8%
October 2019	71 Days	1.4%
September 2019	87 Days	24.3%
August 2019	73 Days	-2.7%
July 2019	72 Days	-5.3%
June 2019	77 Days	4.1%
May 2019	78 Days	6.8%
April 2019	74 Days	-6.3%





Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	118 Days	-0.8%
April 2020	96 Days	-16.5%
March 2020	126 Days	5.0%
February 2020	127 Days	4.1%
January 2020	123 Days	7.0%
December 2019	110 Days	-3.5%
November 2019	119 Days	12.3%
October 2019	113 Days	0.0%
September 2019	128 Days	15.3%
August 2019	114 Days	-3.4%
July 2019	113 Days	-3.4%
June 2019	118 Days	2.6%
May 2019	118 Days	5.4%
April 2019	115 Days	-4.2%







New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	4,413	-24.0%
April 2020	511	-68.5%
March 2020	1,007	-36.3%
February 2020	1,528	10.9%
January 2020	1,367	11.5%
December 2019	1,044	16.0%
November 2019	1,261	11.0%
October 2019	1,396	5.4%
September 2019	1,257	7.8%
August 2019	1,363	-3.5%
July 2019	1,372	4.0%
June 2019	1,332	-6.3%
May 2019	1,545	0.8%
April 2019	1,622	3.6%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
7,829	-20.3%
1,266	-44.9%
1,827	-25.4%
2,268	-5.9%
2,468	-7.7%
1,601	-10.4%
2,005	-9.6%
2,354	-10.9%
2,028	-11.2%
2,052	-12.6%
2,133	-0.6%
1,920	-12.0%
2,319	-11.8%
2,297	-2.8%
	7,829 1,266 1,827 2,268 2,468 1,601 2,005 2,354 2,028 2,052 2,133 1,920 2,319



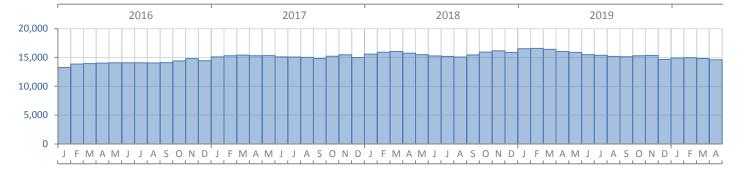


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	14,824	-9.5%
April 2020	14,599	-9.0%
March 2020	14,836	-9.5%
February 2020	14,960	-9.8%
January 2020	14,902	-9.8%
December 2019	14,662	-7.6%
November 2019	15,369	-4.9%
October 2019	15,295	-4.0%
September 2019	15,142	-1.9%
August 2019	15,202	0.9%
July 2019	15,378	1.3%
June 2019	15,488	1.4%
May 2019	15,893	2.5%
April 2019	16,049	1.9%



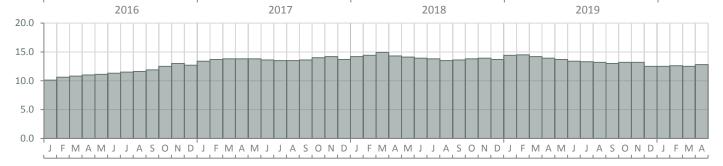
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

YTD (Monthly Avg) 13.0 -9.1% April 2020 12.8 -7.9% March 2020 12.5 -12.0% February 2020 12.6 -13.1% January 2020 12.5 -13.2% December 2019 12.5 -8.8% November 2019 13.2 -5.0% October 2019 13.2 -4.3% September 2019 13.0 -4.4% August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2020 12.5 -12.0% February 2020 12.6 -13.1% January 2020 12.5 -13.2% December 2019 12.5 -8.8% November 2019 13.2 -5.0% October 2019 13.2 -4.3% September 2019 13.0 -4.4% August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	YTD (Monthly Avg)	13.0	-9.1%
February 2020 12.6 -13.1% January 2020 12.5 -13.2% December 2019 12.5 -8.8% November 2019 13.2 -5.0% October 2019 13.2 -4.3% September 2019 13.0 -4.4% August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	April 2020	12.8	-7.9%
January 2020 12.5 -13.2% December 2019 12.5 -8.8% November 2019 13.2 -5.0% October 2019 13.2 -4.3% September 2019 13.0 -4.4% August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	March 2020	12.5	-12.0%
December 2019 12.5 -8.8% November 2019 13.2 -5.0% October 2019 13.2 -4.3% September 2019 13.0 -4.4% August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	February 2020	12.6	-13.1%
November 2019 13.2 -5.0% October 2019 13.2 -4.3% September 2019 13.0 -4.4% August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	January 2020	12.5	-13.2%
October 2019 13.2 -4.3% September 2019 13.0 -4.4% August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	December 2019	12.5	-8.8%
September 2019 13.0 -4.4% August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	November 2019	13.2	-5.0%
August 2019 13.2 -2.2% July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	October 2019	13.2	-4.3%
July 2019 13.3 -3.6%	September 2019	13.0	-4.4%
	August 2019	13.2	-2.2%
1 0010	July 2019	13.3	-3.6%
June 2019 13.4 -3.6%	June 2019	13.4	-3.6%
May 2019 13.7 -2.8%	May 2019	13.7	-2.8%
April 2019 13.9 -2.8%	April 2019	13.9	-2.8%







Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	-20.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	13	-64.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	54	-65.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	99	-60.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	118	-49.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	136	-31.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	126	-33.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	74	-33.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	38	-56.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	49	-48.4%

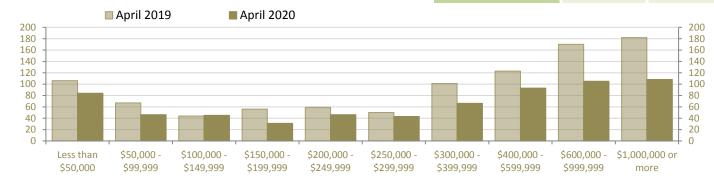


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	84 Days	-20.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	46 Days	-31.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	45 Days	2.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	31 Days	-44.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	46 Days	-22.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	43 Days	-14.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	66 Days	-34.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	93 Days	-24.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	105 Days	-38.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	108 Days	-40.7%





New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	13	-7.1%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	14	-53.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	82	-52.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	184	-44.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	161	-47.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	185	-35.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	204	-45.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	152	-49.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	129	-43.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	142	-44.7%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	9	28.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	116	-0.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	629	-5.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	1,268	1.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	1,266	-12.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	1,485	-9.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	2,331	-7.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	2,465	-14.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	2,235	-10.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	2,795	-8.0%



Monthly Distressed Market - April 2020 Townhouses and Condos Miami-Dade County





		April 2020	April 2019	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	679	1,291	-47.4%
	Median Sale Price	\$270,000	\$250,000	8.0%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	28	63	-55.6%
	Median Sale Price	\$197,500	\$186,000	6.2%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	4	10	-60.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$107,500	\$208,300	-48.4%

